

**THE GUARDIAN INVESTMENT FUND  
AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES  
ARSN 168 048 057**

**ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT INCLUDING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

*This is annexure A of 43 pages referred to in form 388 "Copy of financial statements and reports"*



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**Guy Hasenkam**

Director

30th September 2019  
Gold Coast

**THE GUARDIAN INVESTMENT FUND  
AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES  
ARSN 168 048 057**

**DIRECTORS' REPORT  
30 June 2019**

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The directors of Guardian Securities Limited (the "Responsible Entity"), the Responsible Entity of The Guardian Investment Fund (referred to hereafter as the "Fund"), present their annual report together with the financial statements of the consolidated entity (referred to hereafter as the "Consolidated Entity"), consisting of the unit trust and the special purpose vehicles it controlled for the year ended 30 June 2019, and the auditor's report thereon.

**Directors**

The following persons were directors of Guardian Securities Limited during the whole of the financial period and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

Guy Hasenkam  
Christopher Wilson  
Errol Jackson

**Principal activities**

The Fund is a registered managed investment scheme domiciled in Australia and was formed mainly to invest in the commercial, industrial, retail and residential property sectors on behalf of the Fund's investors. The Fund invests through special purpose vehicles established for each investment opportunity, each of which form part of the Consolidated Entity.

During the financial year, the Fund issued new Product Disclosure Statements resulting in additional investments in the property sectors being made. Further details of which are included in the notes to the financial statements.

The Consolidated Entity did not have any employees during the period.

**Scheme information**

The Fund is a registered managed investment scheme under the Corporations Act 2001. The Fund was registered on 28 February 2014 and will terminate in accordance with the Constitution.

The registered office and principal place of business of the Responsible Entity and the Fund is suite 45, Level 4, HQ Building, 58 Riverwalk Avenue, Gold Coast, 4226.

**Review of operations**

The net loss from ordinary activities after income tax and before distributions to the investors for the year ended 30 June 2019 amounting to \$1,673,260 (2018 loss: \$8,698,166). The current year loss is attributable to the decline in fair value of \$3,116,951 which relates to an investment in an unlisted company. The net loss has been partially offset by interest income derived from investments in preference shares. The prior year net loss was largely attributable to the expected credit loss of \$9,798,650 which relates to two related sub-funds with one respective investor each, whereby the sub-funds provided funding to a developer in Brisbane.

*Scheme assets*

At 30 June 2019, the Consolidated Entity had total assets of \$37,513,300 (2018: \$27,561,513), which were primarily invested in preference shares, various residential and commercial development properties in Australia, bank deposits and shares in an unlisted start up company. The Consolidated Entity had 639 investors at (2018: 419) through various classes of units.

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**DIRECTORS' REPORT  
30 June 2019**

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**Review of operations (cont'd)**

*Responsible entity*

The following fees were paid to Guardian Securities Limited out of the Consolidated Entity's property during the financial year:

	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	\$	\$
Management fees paid directly by the Consolidated Entity	<u>573,913</u>	<u>455,383</u>

The Responsible Entity and its associates had no funds invested in the Consolidated Entity at balance date.

*Distributions*

Distributions paid or payable by the Fund since the end of the previous financial year were \$2,553,955 (2018: \$1,570,673).

*Investor Funds*

The Consolidated Entity received \$13,944,336 (2018: \$17,799,139) of net investor funds during the year. The net balance attributable to investors as at 30 June 2019 is \$36,867,898 (2018: \$27,150,777).

**Significant changes in the state of affairs**

In the opinion of the Responsible Entity, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Consolidated Entity that occurred during the year under review other than as disclosed in the review of operations and principal activities.

**Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year**

Subsequent to the year end, the Fund has entered into and settled various financial investments as outlined in its various Product Disclosure Statements and associated investment strategies. These are considered to be in the normal course of business.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since 30 June 2019 that have significantly affected, or may significantly affect the Consolidated Entity's operations, the results of those operations, or the Consolidated Entity's state of affairs in future financial years.

**Likely developments**

The Consolidated Entity will continue to pursue its policy of increasing returns through active investment selection.

Further information about likely developments in the operations of the Consolidated Entity and the expected results of those operations in future financial years has not been included in this report because disclosure of the information would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Consolidated Entity.

**Environmental regulations**

The Consolidated Entity is not subject to any significant environmental regulation under Australian Commonwealth or State law.

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**DIRECTORS' REPORT  
30 June 2019**

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**Indemnities and insurance premiums for officers or auditors**

The Constitution of the Responsible Entity requires it to indemnify all current and former officers of the Responsible Entity (but not including auditors) out of the property of the Responsible Entity against:

- a. any liability for costs and expenses which may be incurred by that person in defending civil or criminal proceedings in which judgement is given in that person's favour, or in which the person is acquitted, or in connection with an application in relation to any such proceedings in which the court grants relief to the person under the Corporations Act 2001; and
- b. a liability incurred by the person, as an officer of the Responsible Entity or of a related body corporate, to another person (other than the Responsible Entity or a related body corporate) unless the liability arises out of conduct involving a lack of good faith.

During the financial year, the Responsible Entity paid an insurance premium in respect of a contract insuring each of the officers of the Responsible Entity. The amount of the premium is, under the terms of the insurance contract, confidential. The liabilities insured include costs and expenses that may be incurred in defending civil or criminal proceedings that may be brought against the officers in their capacity as officers of the Responsible Entity or related body corporates. This insurance premium does not cover auditors.


The Consolidated Entity has not indemnified or insured directors or officers.

**Auditor's independence declaration**

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on the following page.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of directors, pursuant to section 298(2)(a) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

On behalf of the board,



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**Guy Hasenkam**  
Director


30th September 2019  
Gold Coast

**AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION  
UNDER SECTION 307C OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001  
TO THE DIRECTORS OF GUARDIAN SECURITIES LIMITED AS RESPONSIBLE ENTITY FOR  
THE GUARDIAN INVESTMENT FUND**

I declare to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit of the financial report of The Guardian Investment Fund and its controlled entities for the year ended 30 June 2019, there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor's independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

**PKF**



**William Grant Chatham**  
Partner

30th September 2019  
Gold Coast

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**THE GUARDIAN INVESTMENT FUND  
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**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

		<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>Note</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
		<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<b>Revenue from ordinary operations</b>			
Interest income	5	3,289,117	2,055,085
<b>Total revenue from ordinary operations</b>		<u>3,289,117</u>	<u>2,055,085</u>
<b>Expenses from ordinary operations</b>			
Management fees	18	(573,913)	(455,383)
Professional fees		(869,774)	(492,010)
Allowance for expected credit losses	11 / 9	(358,403)	(9,798,650)
Decline in fair value	11	(3,116,951)	-
Other expenses		(43,336)	(7,208)
<b>Total expenses from ordinary operations</b>		<u>(4,962,377)</u>	<u>(10,753,251)</u>
<b>Loss before finance costs and income tax attributable to unitholders</b>		<u>(1,673,260)</u>	<u>(8,698,166)</u>
Income tax benefit	6	-	-
<b>Loss after income tax expense and before finance costs attributable to unitholders</b>		<u>(1,673,260)</u>	<u>(8,698,166)</u>
<b>Finance costs attributable to unitholders</b>			
Distributions paid to investors	14	(2,553,955)	(1,570,673)
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>			
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		-	-
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Change in net assets attributable to unitholders</b>		<u>(4,227,215)</u>	<u>(10,268,839)</u>

*The above consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes*

**THE GUARDIAN INVESTMENT FUND  
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**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION  
AS AT 30 JUNE 2019**

		<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>Note</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
		<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<b>Assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	1,160,009	171,842
Trade and other receivables	8	292,207	211,735
Loans receivable	9	-	950,000
Inventories - Work in Progress	10	2,082,048	1,867,840
Other financial assets	11	33,979,036	24,360,096
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>37,513,300</b>	<b>27,561,513</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:			
Trade and other payables	13	645,402	410,736
<b>Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to investors)</b>		<b>645,402</b>	<b>410,736</b>
<b>Net assets attributable to investors – liability</b>		<b>36,867,898</b>	<b>27,150,777</b>

*The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes*



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**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

<b>Consolidated</b>	<b>Notes</b>	<b>Units on Issue  No.</b>	<b>Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders \$</b>
Balance at 1 July 2018		37,696,171	27,150,777
Issue of units	4	18,206,822	16,852,116
Application funds received but not yet issued		-	40,000
Redemption of units		(2,947,780)	(2,947,780)
Increase in net assets attributable to unitholders from transactions in units		15,259,042	13,944,336
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders			(4,227,215)
<b>Balance at 30 June 2019</b>		<b>52,955,213</b>	<b>36,867,898</b>
Balance at 1 July 2017		21,972,535	19,620,477
Issue of units		18,064,392	18,064,392
Application funds received but not yet issued		-	34,747
Redemption of units	15	(2,340,756)	(300,000)
Increase in net assets attributable to unitholders from transactions in units		15,723,636	17,799,139
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders			(10,268,839)
<b>Balance at 30 June 2018</b>		<b>37,696,171</b>	<b>27,150,777</b>

*The above consolidated statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes*

**THE GUARDIAN INVESTMENT FUND  
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**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

		<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>Note</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
		<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Interest received – cash and cash equivalents		3,208,645	1,993,811
Management fees paid		(482,618)	(421,062)
Other operating costs paid		(989,138)	(535,793)
<b>Net cash flows used in operating activities</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>1,736,889</b>	<b>1,036,956</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>			
Payment for investment in preference shares		(18,478,677)	(13,489,326)
Proceeds from redemption of preference shares		5,582,503	715,000
Payment for shares in an unlisted company		(198,120)	(3,088,990)
Advances to borrowers		950,000	(950,000)
Payment for inventories		(214,208)	(1,867,840)
<b>Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities</b>		<b>(12,358,502)</b>	<b>(18,681,156)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Proceeds from issue of units and application funds		16,892,116	18,099,139
Payment for redemption of units and application funds		(2,947,780)	(300,000)
Distribution expense paid	<b>14</b>	(2,334,556)	(1,407,043)
<b>Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities</b>		<b>11,609,780</b>	<b>16,392,096</b>
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>		<b>988,167</b>	<b>(1,252,104)</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		171,842	1,423,946
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1,160,009</b>	<b>171,842</b>

*The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes*

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**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

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**1 GENERAL INFORMATION**

The Guardian Investment Fund ("the Fund" or "The Consolidated Entity") is a registered managed investment scheme domiciled in Australia and was formed to invest financial products and assets including in the commercial, industrial, retail and residential property sectors on behalf of the Fund's investors in accordance with its Product Disclosure Statement. The Fund mainly invests through special purpose vehicles established for each investment opportunity, and directly into financial instruments through sub-trusts, each of which form part of the Consolidated Entity.

The financial report covers The Guardian Investment Fund as a Consolidated Entity consisting of The Guardian Investment Fund (the Master Fund) and its controlled Sub Fund investments, being Full Luck Fund Sub-Fund and controlled entity Full Luck Fund Pty Ltd, SJQ Investments Sub-Fund Pty Ltd and controlled entity SJQ Investments Pty Ltd, Development Income Fund Sub-Fund, Fundus Trust No. 1 Sub-Fund, Fundus Trust No. 2 Sub-Fund, Barnaby Terrace Sub-Fund and Molecular Mediation Sub-Fund. The Responsible Entity of the The Guardian Investment Fund is Guardian Securities Limited (Responsible Entity).

The Responsible Entity's registered address is suite 45, Level 4, HQ Building, 58 Riverwalk Avenue, Gold Coast, 4226.

The financial report was authorised for issue, in accordance with a resolution of directors of the Responsible Entity, on 30th September 2019.

**2 STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

**Basis of preparation**

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') and the Corporations Act 2001, as appropriate for the Consolidated Entity, a for-profit oriented entity. These financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB').

The Statement of Financial Position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within 12 months, except for financial assets. The amount expected to be recovered or settled within 12 months in relation to these balances cannot be reliably determined.

The financial report has also been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial assets and financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss, that have been measured at fair value.

In the case of net assets attributable to unitholders, the units are only redeemable in accordance with the terms of the relevant Supplementary Product Disclosure Statement. The amount expected to be settled within 12 months cannot be reliably determined. Each class of unit is associated with its own sub-fund where investors have certain rights discrete from investors who hold other unit classes.

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Consolidated Entity's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 3.

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**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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**2 STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)**

**New, revised or amending Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted**

The Consolidated Entity has adopted the following new and amended Australian Accounting Standards and AASB Interpretations as of 1 July 2018. The nature and the impact of each new standard and/or amendment is described below including the changes in accounting policies:

*AASB 9 Financial instruments*

AASB 9 Financial Instruments replaces AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, bringing together all three aspects of the accounting for financial instruments: classification and measurement; impairment; and hedge accounting. This has therefore resulted in a change of accounting policy for the Consolidated Entity during the financial year.

Under AASB 9, there is a change in the classification and measurement requirements relating to financial assets. Previously, there were four categories of financial assets: loans and receivables, fair value through profit or loss, held to maturity and available for sale. Under AASB 9, financial assets are either classified as amortised cost, fair value through profit or loss or fair value through other comprehensive income.

For debt instruments, the classification is based on two criteria: the Group's business model for managing the assets; and whether the instruments' contractual cash flows represent 'solely payments of principal and interest' (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. A financial asset can only be measured at amortised cost if both of the following are satisfied:

- Business model: the objective of the business model is to hold the financial asset for the collection of the contractual cash flows; and
- Contractual cash flows: the contractual cash flows under the instrument relate solely to payments of principal and interest.

The Consolidated Entity has applied AASB 9 retrospectively, with the initial application date of 1 July 2018. The assessment of the Consolidated Entity's business model was made as of the date of initial application, and then applied retrospectively to those financial assets that were not derecognised before 1 July 2018. The assessment of whether contractual cash flows on debt instruments are SPPI was made based on the facts and circumstances as at the initial recognition of the assets. The comparative information has been restated from the initial application date as outlined below, however there has been no monetary impact to the carrying values of financial instruments on the adoption of the new standard.

<b>Change in classification</b>	<b>Classification AASB 9</b>	<b>Classification AASB 139</b>
<b>Financial assets</b>		
Trade and other receivables	Debt instruments at amortised cost	Loans and receivables
Loans receivable	Debt instruments at amortised cost	Loans and receivables
Preference shares	Debt instruments at amortised cost	Loans and receivables
Investment in unlisted company	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Available for sale
<b>Financial liabilities</b>		
Trade and other payables	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Financial liabilities at amortised cost

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**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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## **2 STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)**

### **New, revised or amending Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted (cont'd)**

#### *AASB 15 Revenue from contracts with customers*

AASB 15 and its related amendments supersede AASB 111 Construction Contracts, AASB 118 Revenue and related Interpretations. It applies to all revenue arising from contracts with its customers and became effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018.

AASB 15 establishes a five-step model to account for revenue arising from contracts with customers. It requires revenue to be recognised when (or as) control of a good or service transfers to a customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer.

AASB 15 requires entities to exercise judgement, taking into consideration all of the relevant facts and circumstances when applying each step of the model to contracts with their customers. The standard also specifies the accounting for the incremental costs of obtaining a contract and the costs directly related to fulfilling a contract. In addition, the standard requires enhanced and extensive disclosures about revenue to help investors better understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows from contracts with customers.

The adoption of this standard has no impact on the Consolidated Entity as the main source of income are interest, dividends and gains on financial instruments held at fair value which fall outside of AASB 15.

### **Master Fund information**

In accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, these financial statements present the results of the Consolidated Entity only. Supplementary information about the masterfund is disclosed in note 23.

### **Principles of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of The Guardian Investment Fund ('Fund' or 'Master Fund' or 'Unit Trust') as at 30 June 2019 and the results of all subsidiaries for the year then ended. The Guardian Investment Fund and its subsidiaries together are referred to in these financial statements as the 'Consolidated Entity'.

Subsidiaries are all those entities over which the Consolidated Entity has control. The Consolidated Entity controls an entity when the Consolidated Entity is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Consolidated Entity. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between entities in the Consolidated Entity are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Consolidated Entity.

The acquisition of subsidiaries is accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. A change in ownership interest, without the loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction, where the difference between the consideration transferred and the book value of the share of the non-controlling interest acquired is recognised directly in equity attributable to the parent.

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## **2 STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)**

### **Functional and presentation currency**

These financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the Consolidated Entity's functional currency.

### **Revenue Recognition - Investment Income**

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Consolidated Entity and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

#### *Interest income*

Interest income and expense is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as it accrues, using the original effective interest rate of the instrument calculated at the acquisition or origination date. Interest income includes the amortisation of any discount or premium, transaction costs or other differences between the initial carrying amount of an interest-bearing instrument and its amount at maturity calculated on an effective interest rate basis.

Interest income is recognised on a gross basis, including withholding tax, if any.

#### *Other revenue*

Other revenue is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

### **Expenses**

All expenses, including Responsible Entity's fees and custodian fees, are recognised in profit or loss on an accruals basis.

### **Income tax**

The income tax expense or benefit for the period is the tax payable on that period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and unused tax losses and the adjustment recognised for prior periods, where applicable.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates that are enacted or substantively enacted, except for:

- When the deferred income tax asset or liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and that, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting nor taxable profits; or
- When the taxable temporary difference is associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates or interests in joint ventures, and the timing of the reversal can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

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## **2 STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)**

### **Income tax (cont'd)**

The carrying amount of recognised and unrecognised deferred tax assets are reviewed each reporting date. Deferred tax assets recognised are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that future taxable profits will be available for the carrying amount to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only where there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities; and they relate to the same taxable authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entity's which intend to settle simultaneously.

### **Distributions**

Distributions are payable as set out in the Fund's product disclosure statement. Such distributions are determined by the responsible entity of the Fund. Distributable income includes capital gains arising from the disposal of financial assets and liabilities held for trading. Unrealised gains and losses on financial assets and liabilities held for trading that are recognised as income are transferred to net assets attributable to unitholders and are not assessable and distributable until realised. Capital losses are not distributed to unitholders but are retained to be offset against any realised capital gains.

### **Increase/decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders**

Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholder. Where the Fund's units are classified as liabilities, movements in net assets attributable to unitholders are recognised in profit or loss as finance costs.

### **Financial Instruments - initial recognition and subsequent measurement**

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

#### ***Financial Assets***

##### ***Initial recognition and measurement***

Financial assets are classified, at the initial recognition, and subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Consolidated Entity's business model for managing them. The Consolidated Entity initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

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**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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**2 STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)**

**Financial Instruments - initial recognition and subsequent measurement (cont'd)**

***Financial Assets (cont'd)***

The Consolidated Entity's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting the contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Consolidated Entity commits to purchase or sell the asset.

***Subsequent measurement***

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial asset are classified in four categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments),
- Financial assets at fair value through OCI with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments),
- Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments), and
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

***Specific instruments - financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)***

This category is the most relevant to the Consolidated Entity. The Consolidated Entity measures financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amounts outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

The Consolidated Entity's financial assets at amortised cost include loans receivable and preference shares.

***Specific instruments - financial assets at fair value through profit or loss***

The Consolidated Entity has not elected to irrevocably classify its equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss. This category includes investments in unlisted companies.

***Specific instruments - cash and cash equivalents***

Cash comprises current deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.



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**2 STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)**

**Financial Instruments - initial recognition and subsequent measurement (cont'd)**

***Financial Assets (cont'd)***

*Derecognition*

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Consolidated Entity's statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Consolidated Entity has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either
  - (a) the Consolidated Entity has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
  - (b) the Consolidated Entity has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Consolidated Entity has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Consolidated Entity continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Consolidated Entity also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Consolidated Entity has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Consolidated Entity could be required to repay.

*Impairment of financial assets*

Further disclosures relating to impairment of financial assets are provided in Note 3.

The Consolidated Entity recognises an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Consolidated Entity expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

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**2 STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)**

**Financial Instruments - initial recognition and subsequent measurement (cont'd)**

***Financial Assets (cont'd)***

For receivables, the Consolidated Entity applies a simplified approach in calculating the ECLs. Therefore, the Consolidated Entity does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Consolidated Entity has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For financial assets at amortised cost, the Consolidated Entity applies the general expected credit loss model. At every reporting date, the Consolidated Entity evaluates whether the receivable is considered to have an increase in credit risk using all reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. In making that evaluation, the Consolidated Entity reassesses the credit rating of the receivable. In addition, the Consolidated Entity considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due. When there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows. Refer to note 3 for further details.

***Financial liabilities***

***Initial recognition and measurement***

Financial liabilities are classified, at the initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, and payables, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans, borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable costs.

The Consolidated Entity's financial liabilities include trade and other payables.

***Subsequent measurement***

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below for the material classifications:

***Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss***

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in AASB 9 are satisfied. The Consolidated Entity has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit or loss.

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**2 STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)**

**Financial Instruments - initial recognition and subsequent measurement (cont'd)**

***Financial liabilities (cont'd)***

***Derecognition***

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the amount is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

**Inventories**

Inventories of the Consolidated Entity represent work in progress for the property developments. Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the cost of acquisition, and for development properties also includes development and costs of conversion incurred from the commencement of construction until the point of time that construction of the property is completed and the property is ready for sale. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

**Receivables**

Receivables may include amounts for dividends, interest and trust distributions. Dividends and trust distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Interest is accrued at the end of each reporting period from the time of last payment in accordance with the policy set out in above. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

**Trade and other payables**

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Consolidated Entity prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

**Units issued, applications and redemptions**

All redeemable units issued by the Fund provide the investors with the right to redemption for cash and give rise to a financial liability. In accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement the Fund is contractually obliged to redeem units at the redemption price, however redemption is subject to the availability of surplus liquidity and at the approval of the Responsible Entity.

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Fund. Redemptions from the Fund are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed.

The reduction of a liability to an investor as a result of an impairment loss recorded in the statement of comprehensive income is recorded as an extinguishment of liabilities – other income in the statement of comprehensive income.

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## **2 STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)**

### **Goods and services tax**

Management fees, custody fees and other expenses are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST) recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) as a reduced input tax credit (RITC) at a rate of 55% or 75%. Payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flow on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the tax authority, are presented as operating cash flows. Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority.

### **New accounting standards and interpretations not yet mandatory or early adopted**

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory, have not been early adopted by the Consolidated Entity for the annual reporting period ended 30 June 2019. The Consolidated Entity's assessment of the impact of these new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations are considered to not be material and no further disclosures have been included.

## **3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS**

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities in future periods.

### **Judgements**

In the process of applying the Consolidated Entity's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

#### *Classification and measurement under AASB 9 financial instruments*

Under AASB 9, the Consolidated Entity initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Under AASB 9, debt financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), amortised cost, or fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). The classification is based on two criteria: the Group's business model for managing the assets; and whether the instruments' contractual cash flows represent 'solely payments of principal and interest' on the principal amount outstanding (the 'SPPI criterion').

The new classification of the Consolidated Entity's financial assets are as follows:

- Debt instruments at amortised cost for financial assets that are held within a business model with the objective to hold the financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows that meet the SPPI criterion. This category includes the Consolidated Entity's receivables and preference shares; and
- Equity instruments at FVPL for financial assets that fail the SPPI criterion. This category includes the Consolidated Entity's investment in an unlisted company.

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**3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONT'D)**

**Judgements (cont'd)**

*Consolidation of a special purpose vehicles*

The Consolidated Entity holds preference shares in various special purpose vehicles as outlined in note 11. The Consolidated Entity does not hold voting rights in these special purpose vehicles, however a director of the Responsible Entity holds various positions on the board as a protective right for the investors interests. The preference shares are held for the collection of interest and principal and are a passive investment in the underlying special purpose vehicle. Management do not consider that the position on the board represents control, or even that of significant influence, and therefore these special purpose vehicles are not consolidated into these financial statements.

**Estimates and assumptions**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Consolidated Entity based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Consolidated Entity. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

*Provision for expected credit losses on receivables*

The Consolidated Entity uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due for its contractual entitlements. The provision matrix is initially based on the Consolidated Entity's historical observed default rates. The Consolidated Entity will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed. The directors of the Responsible Entity have assessed that as at 30 June 2019, there are no expected credit losses for receivables. Refer to note 8 for further details.

*Provision for expected credit losses on other financial assets*

The Consolidated Entity considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the Consolidated Entity compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information. Especially the following indicators are incorporated:

- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the borrower's ability to meet its obligations;
- actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the borrower;
- significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same borrower;
- significant changes in the value of the collateral supporting the obligation or in the quality of third-party guarantees or credit enhancements; and
- significant changes in the expected performance and behaviour of the borrower, including changes in the payment status of borrowers in the group and changes in the operating results of the borrower.

A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments within the maturity date of the contract.

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**3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONT'D)**

**Estimates and assumptions (cont'd)**

*Provision for expected credit losses on other financial assets (cont'd)*

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Consolidated Entity. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Consolidated Entity continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognised in profit or loss.

The Consolidated Entity uses three categories for loans which reflect their credit risk and how the loan loss provision is determined for each of those categories.

<b>Category</b>	<b>Definition of Category</b>	<b>Basis for recognition of ECL</b>
Performing	Customers have a low risk of default and a strong capacity to meet contractual cash flows.	12 month expected losses. Where the expected lifetime of an asset is less than 12 months, expected losses are measured at its expected lifetime.
Underperforming	Financial assets for which there is a significant increase in credit risk as a result of delays of construction of security collateral.	Lifetime expected losses.
<b>Category</b>	<b>Definition of Category</b>	<b>Basis for recognition of ECL</b>
Non-performing	Financial assets for which an event of default has occurred.	Lifetime expected losses.

Over the term of the loans, the Consolidated Entity accounts for its credit risk by appropriately providing for expected credit losses on a timely basis. In calculating the expected credit loss rates, the Consolidated Entity considers historical loss rates for each category of customers, and adjusts for forward looking macroeconomic data. The Consolidated Entity also considers the value of the security against a total loan-to-value ratio which is discounted based on expected timeframes to completion. Refer to note 11 for further details.

*Fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit and loss*

The Consolidated Entity holds an investment in an unlisted company which is carried at fair value through profit and loss. The Directors of the Responsible Entity have determined that the net asset value, estimated based on its unaudited balance sheet as at 30 June 2019, best represents its estimate of fair value of this investment. The Directors consider that the entity is in the early stages of commercialisation and there are material uncertainties around the unlisted private company's ability to commercialise. Such uncertainties include obtaining all the necessary council, state and federal approvals, entering into leasing arrangements of the operational facility, assembly and successful operation of the facility, securing contracts with customers and funding cashflow requirements through to commercialisation which impact the ability to readily calculate a fair value.

Refer to notes 11 and 17 for further details.

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**3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONT'D)**

**Estimates and assumptions (cont'd)**

*Provision for impairment of inventories*

The provision for impairment of inventories assessment required a degree of estimation and judgement. The level of the provision is assessed by taking into account the recent sales experience, the estimated costs to complete and other factors that affect net realisable value. The directors of the Responsible Entity have assessed that as at 30 June 2019, the expected net realisable value exceeds cost for all items of inventory and therefore no write downs of inventory are required. Refer to note 10 for further details.

*Income tax*

The Consolidated Entity is subject to income taxes in the jurisdictions in which it operates. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income tax. There are many transactions and calculations undertaken during the ordinary course of business for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Consolidated Entity recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on the Consolidated Entity's current understanding of the tax law. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the carrying amounts, such differences will impact the current and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

**4 NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO INVESTORS – LIABILITY**

Quantitative information about the Consolidated Entity's net assets attributable to unitholders is provided in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders.

The Consolidated Entity manages its net assets attributable to unitholders as capital, notwithstanding net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability.

Investors within the Consolidated Entity are issued classes of units which correspond with the particular investment the investors are investing in. Classes of units are issued with a fixed term and no withdrawal rights. Investors in a class of units will have a proportional beneficial interest in the property corresponding to that class of units. Investors will not have a beneficial interest in a property corresponding to another class of units.

*Issue of units*

During the financial year, the Fundus Trust No. 1 issued 1,319,959 of additional units to its asset class investors in-lieu of a non-cash distribution.

<b>5 INTEREST INCOME</b>	<b>Consolidated 2019</b>			<b>Consolidated 2018</b>		
	<b>Balance</b>	<b>Interest income</b>	<b>Average rate</b>	<b>Balance</b>	<b>Interest income</b>	<b>Average rate</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>%</b>
Cash and cash equivalents	1,160,009	15,606	1.35%	171,842	6,345	3.69%
Interest bearing investments	33,808,877	3,273,511	9.68%	22,221,106	2,048,740	9.22%
	<u>34,968,886</u>	<u>3,289,117</u>		<u>22,392,948</u>	<u>2,055,085</u>	

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**6 INCOME TAX**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<i>Income tax expense</i>		
Current tax	-	-
Aggregate income tax expense	-	-
<i>Numerical reconciliation of income tax expenses and tax at the statutory rate</i>		
Loss before finance costs and income tax	(1,673,260)	(8,698,166)
Tax at the statutory tax rate of 27.5% (2018: 27.5%)	(460,147)	(2,391,996)
<i>Tax effect amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculating taxable income:</i>		
Temporary differences not recognised	460,147	2,391,996
Aggregate income tax expense	-	-

Deferred tax asset in respect of tax losses and other temporary differences have not been brought to account. These will be brought to account only if the Consolidated Entity derives future assessable income of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the benefit to be realised, the Consolidated Entity continues to comply with deductibility conditions imposed by tax legislation and no changes in tax legislation adversely affects the Consolidated Entity in realising the benefit.

**7 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

Cash held with banks	1,160,009	171,842
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Cash at banks earn interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Deposits at call earn interest at the respective short-term deposit rates. The Consolidated Entity's exposure to interest rate risk is discussed in note 16.

*Reconciliation to cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year*

The above figures are reconciled to cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows as follows:

Balances as above	1,160,009	171,842
Balance as per statement of cash flows	1,160,009	171,842

**8 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES**

Distributions receivable	282,411	197,268
Other receivables	9,796	14,467
	292,207	211,735

Trade and other receivables are current and are considered fully collectable by the directors of the Responsible Entity as they have been fully received post year end. As such, no provision for expected credit losses has been provided as at 30 June 2019 (2018: \$nil).



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**9 LOANS RECEIVABLE**

		<b>Consolidated</b>	
		<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
		<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Loans receivable		9,798,650	950,000
Loan receivable - transferred from investment property	Note 12	-	9,798,650
Less: provision for expected credit loss		<u>(9,798,650)</u>	<u>(9,798,650)</u>
		<u>-</u>	<u>950,000</u>

*Reconciliation of movement*

Reconciliation of the loans at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

Opening value	950,000	-
Advancements	-	10,748,650
Repayments	(950,000)	-
Provision for expected credit losses	-	(9,798,650)
Closing value	<u>-</u>	<u>950,000</u>

*Fundus Trust No. 1 Sub-Fund and Fundus Trust No. 2 Sub-Fund*

During the prior financial year, Fundus Trust No.1 provided loan funding amounting to \$950,000 to Wattlebird Park Estate Pty Ltd. The loan was for 6 months maturing on 21 December 2018, incurred interest at 12% per annum payable monthly in advance and holds a first registered mortgage and general security deed over the underlying property. This loan was fully repaid during the current financial year via a refinancing done with Fundus Trust No. 2.

*Full Luck Sub-Fund and SJQ Investments Sub-Fund*

During the prior financial year, investment properties relating to Full Luck Fund Pty Ltd and SJQ Investments Pty Ltd amounting to \$9,798,650 were re-classified to loans receivable following the decision to substitute the underlying security originally agreed to from a number of apartments in a residential complex to a select number of apartments in a yet to be constructed residential complex. There are currently uncertainties with respect to the existence and ownership of the new security as at the date of this report. In addition, the Investment Manager and its associated developer have ceased paying the agreed returns to the relevant sub-funds in accordance with the requirements under the Product Disclosure Statements. Given the uncertainty with respect to the underlying security and the default status of the borrower's payment obligations, Management have decided to fully impair both the loan principal and interest due from the Investment Manager and its associated developer. The amount of the impaired loan is \$9,798,650. Should the Investment Manager and developer start paying interest owing by them and an adequate replacement security be put in place, the impairment provision would most likely be reversed. As at the date of this report, there are no further advancements on the matter and the loans remain in dispute with the Investment Manager and associated developer.

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**10 INVENTORIES**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Opening balance	1,867,840	-
Acquisitions	214,208	1,867,840
Closing balance	<u>2,082,048</u>	<u>1,867,840</u>

The inventory balance at 30 June 2019 comprises work in progress amounting to \$1,001,613 (2018: \$2,082,048) and completed stock of \$1,080,435 (2018: \$nil).

*Reconciliation of movement*

	<b>Title</b>	<b>Acquisition date</b>	<b>Book value 30 June 2019 \$</b>	<b>Book value 30 June 2018 \$</b>
10-12 Leonard Street, Yamanto	Freehold	13 Feb 2018	1,001,613	975,862
16-18 Todds Road, Lawnton	Freehold	26 Jul 17	1,080,435	891,978
			<u>2,082,048</u>	<u>1,867,840</u>

*Net realisable value*

The directors of the Responsible Entity have assessed that as at 30 June 2019, the expected net realisable value exceeds cost for all items of inventory and therefore no write downs of inventory are required. This assessment has been made based on factoring estimated costs to complete and discounting the sales price based on expected selling date.

**11 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Preference shares	33,808,877	21,271,106
Investment in unlisted company	170,159	3,088,990
	<u>33,979,036</u>	<u>24,360,096</u>

**Preference shares**

*Reconciliation of movement*

Reconciliation of the values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

Opening value	21,271,106	8,496,780
Additions	18,478,677	13,489,326
Disposals	(5,582,503)	(715,000)
Provision for expected credit loss	(358,403)	-
Closing value	<u>33,808,877</u>	<u>21,271,106</u>

The carrying value, prior to the provision for expected credit losses, of \$34,167,280 (2018: \$21,271,106) pertains to \$28,295,037 (2018: \$19,061,106) of preference shares held under the Development Income Fund sub-fund, \$2,210,000 (2018: \$2,210,000) of preference shares held under the Barnaby Terrace sub-fund and \$3,662,243 (2018: \$nil) of preference shares held under Fundus No. 2 sub-fund as outlined below.

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**11 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS (CONT'D)**

*Development Income Fund Sub-Fund*

Preference shares are held in private companies undertaking property developments, of which \$28,295,037 (2018: \$19,061,106) are associated to a related managed investment scheme called SMSF Property Fund, and are invested through the Development Income Fund sub-fund. The preference shares are interest bearing at 12% per annum, are redeemable at the later of 12 months from the date of issue or at the time the underlying developments in the private companies are completed and sold, and have priority repayment security. Refer to note 19 for further information.

*Barnaby Terrace Sub-Fund*

Preference shares are held in a private company undertaking a property development amounting to \$2,210,000 (2018: \$2,210,000). The preference shares are interest bearing at an indicative rates of between 20% to 30% which is payable at completion and sale of the development, however where profits aren't achieved the interest will be reduced as it is variable based on profit. The interest is dependent on the net realisable value of the sales being sufficient enough to cover external liabilities of the company prior to any distribution to preference shareholders being made.

*Fundus No. 2 Sub-Fund*

Preference shares are held in private companies undertaking property developments, of which have different terms and maturity dates as outlined below:

Preference shares amounting to \$1,361,854 are under a facility agreement amounting to \$30,000,000, which are interest bearing at 12% per annum payable monthly in arrears and include a final distribution of 5% based on the gross profit of the sale of the underlying property. The 5% of gross profit distribution is dependent on the net realisable value of the sales being sufficient enough to cover external liabilities of the company prior to any distribution to preference shareholders being made. The preference shares have a maturity date of June 2022.

Preference shares amounting to \$1,800,389 are under a facility agreement amounting to \$3,000,000 which are interest bearing at 14% per annum payable monthly in arrears. The preference shares have a maturity date of 30 June 2020.

Preference shares amounting to \$500,000 are associated to a related managed investment scheme called SMSF Property Fund. The preference shares are interest bearing at 12% per annum, are redeemable 6 months after issue date being September 2019. There are delays in re-financing and therefore the redemption is expected to be extended. Refer to note 19 for further information.

*Expected credit losses*

A provision of expected credit losses of \$358,403 has been recorded at 30 June 2019 in accordance with the accounting policies outlined in note 2. The directors of the Responsible Entity do not consider that any preference shares are credit impaired under stage 3 of the model, and therefore this is a general provision recognised for stage 1 and 2 investments.

**Investment in unlisted company**

The investment in unlisted company amounting to \$170,159 represents ordinary share capital and a cash retention amount of \$64,158.

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**11 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS (CONT'D)**

**Consolidated**  
**2019                      2018**  
**\$                              \$**

*Reconciliation of movement*

Reconciliation of the fair values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

Opening fair value	3,088,990	-
Additions	198,120	3,088,990
Revaluation increase (decrease)	(3,116,951)	-
Closing fair value	<u>170,159</u>	<u>3,088,990</u>

*Fair value*

As outlined in notes 3 and 17, the investment in an unlisted company is carried at its net asset value, being the Directors estimate of the best representation of fair value, which resulted in a reduction of the fair value of \$3,116,951. Refer to note 3 and 17, for further details of uncertainties with respect to this investment. Should such uncertainties be mitigated then the fair value of the investment may become reasonably estimable under traditional valuation methods. A fair value estimate utilising such methods is likely to be materially different to the recorded value.

**12 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

Investment properties	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
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Investment properties have been reclassified as loans receivable as at 30 June 2018, refer to note 9 for further details.

**13 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES**

Trade creditors	488,311	256,138
Other payables	157,091	154,598
	<u>645,402</u>	<u>410,736</u>

Trade payables includes investor distributions amounting to \$219,399 (2018: \$163,630).

Other payables includes loans amounting to \$5,545 (2018: \$65,545) payable to a related party of the Consolidated Entity. The loans are interest free and are unsecured. Refer to note 19 for further details.

**14 DISTRIBUTIONS PAID AND PAYABLE**

Distributions paid to investors		2,334,556	1,407,043
Distributions payable to investors	Note 13	219,399	163,630
Total distributions to investors		<u>2,553,955</u>	<u>1,570,673</u>

**15 DISPOSAL OR LOSS OF CONTROL OVER A SUBSIDIARY**

During the financial year, there were no disposals or loss of control over subsidiaries. In the prior financial year, two classes of investor units were fully redeemed which resulted in the Fund losing control over the following two subsidiaries.

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**15 DISPOSAL OR LOSS OF CONTROL OVER A SUBSIDIARY (CONT'D)**

*Investment Samaritan Class of Units and associated special purpose vehicle Investment Samaritan Lending Pty Ltd*

In September 2017, it was agreed that the investors in the Investment Samaritan Class of Units would redeem their units in the Fund. As at 30 June 2018, the Fund extinguished all liabilities associated with these investors and resolved to wind up the Unit Class. Details of the extinguishment are below:

	<b>Fair Value of the Assets and Liabilities At Disposal Date 2018 \$</b>
Cash	11,331
Loan receivable *	-
Trade and other payables	<u>(11,331)</u>
	<u>-</u>
Original investor funds received - liability	2,040,756
Accumulated losses	<u>(2,040,756)</u>
	<u>-</u>

\* Loan receivable amounting to \$1,937,843 was fully impaired during the prior financial year based on management's assessment of collectability following the cessation of interest income from 1 January 2017.

*SB Trading B-Class of Units and associated special purpose vehicle SB Trading Pty Ltd*

On 30 June 2018, it was agreed that the investors in the SB Trading B-Class of Units would redeem their units in the Fund in exchange for taking control over the special purpose vehicle, SB Trading Pty Ltd which held the asset and liabilities associated with their Class of Units. As at 30 June 2018, the Fund extinguished all liabilities associated to these investors and resolved to wind up the Units Class. Details of the extinguishment are below:

	<b>Fair Value of the Assets and Liabilities At Disposal Date 2018 \$</b>
Cash	8,028
Loan receivable	300,000
Trade and other payables	<u>(6,523)</u>
	<u>301,505</u>
Original investor funds received - liability	300,000
Current year earnings	<u>1,505</u>
	<u>301,505</u>

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## 16 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Set out below, is an overview of financial assets held by the Consolidated Entity as at 30 June 2019 and 30 June 2018:

		<b>Consolidated</b>	
		<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
		<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<b>Debt instruments at amortised cost</b>			
Trade and other receivables	Note 8	292,207	211,735
Loans receivable	Note 9	-	950,000
Preference shares	Note 11	33,808,877	21,271,106
<b>Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss</b>			
Investment in unlisted company	Note 11	170,159	3,088,990
<b>Total</b>		<b>34,271,243</b>	<b>25,521,831</b>
<b>Total trade and other receivables</b>		<b>292,207</b>	<b>211,735</b>
<b>Total loans receivable</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>950,000</b>
<b>Total other financial assets</b>		<b>33,979,036</b>	<b>24,360,096</b>

Set out below, is an overview of financial liabilities held by the Consolidated Entity as at 30 June 2019 and 30 June 2018:

<b>Financial liabilities at amortised cost</b>			
Trade and other payables	Note 13	645,402	410,736
<b>Total</b>		<b>645,402</b>	<b>410,736</b>
<b>Total trade and other payables</b>		<b>645,402</b>	<b>410,736</b>

The Fund's assets principally consist of financial assets, such as preference shares and loans receivable, and work in progress inventories. It holds these investment assets at the discretion of the Responsible Entity and Investment Committee in accordance with the Fund's constitution and the relevant Product Disclosure Statements.

The allocation of assets between the various types of assets described above is determined by the Fund's Manager and Investment Committee who manage the Fund's portfolio of assets to achieve the Consolidated Entity's investment objectives.

The Consolidated Entity's investing activities expose it to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Market risk
- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Operational risk

The nature and extent of the financial instruments employed by the Fund are discussed below. This note presents information about the Fund's exposure to each of the above risks, the Fund's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risks.

The Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity and Investment Committee has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Fund's risk management framework.

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**16 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)**

The Board and Investment Committee is responsible for developing and monitoring the Fund's risk management policies, including those related to its investment activities. The Fund's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Fund, including those risks managed by the Responsible Entity and Investment Committee, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Fund's activities.

The Board and Investment Committee monitors compliance with the Fund's risk management strategies and procedures and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Fund.

**Market risk**

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates and property values will affect the Fund's income. Market risk embodies the potential for both loss and gains. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return on risk. Market risk is managed by the Board of Directors and Investment Committee.

*Property value risk*

The majority of the Fund's assets are in investment vehicles which participate in property development, or have property backed assets. As a result, the Fund is subject to property value risk from fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market property values. Changes in property values could have an effect on the net realisable value of the properties which would in turn impact the underlying value of the investments and hence unitholders funds. The Fund's exposure to property is restricted to residential and commercial property in Queensland which has shown signs of stability in recent times.

At reporting date the Fund's financial assets that are exposed to property value risk was:

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Loans receivable	-	950,000
Other financial assets (preference shares)	33,808,877	21,271,106
	<u>33,808,877</u>	<u>22,221,106</u>

*Interest rate risk*

A significant portion of the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities are interest-bearing. Interest-bearing financial assets and financial liabilities have variable interest rates and/or mature in the short-term. As a result, the Fund is subject to limited exposure to fair value interest rate risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates. Any excess cash is invested in an interest-bearing deposit account with an Australian regulated banking institution. The Fund's interest rate risk is monitored on a monthly basis by the Board of Directors and Investment Committee.

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**16 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
<b>Market risk (cont'd)</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>

*Interest rate profile*

At reporting date the interest rate profile of the Fund's interest-bearing financial instruments was:

Fixed and variable rate instruments

Cash and cash equivalents	1,160,009	171,842
Loans receivable	-	950,000
Other financial assets	33,808,877	21,271,106
	<u>34,968,886</u>	<u>22,392,948</u>

*Interest rate sensitivity*

The variable rate instruments amount to \$3,571,854 (2018: \$2,210,000). The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unitholders to interest rate risk.

	<b>Interest rate risk</b>	
	<b>+75bps</b>	<b>-75bps</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Impact on net assets attributable to unitholders		
30 June 2019	165,000	(165,000)
30 June 2018	165,000	(165,000)

The Consolidated Entity holds fixed rate instruments amounting to \$30,595,426 (2018: \$20,011,106) as the rates of return are specified under the various Product Disclosure Statements and agreements. The directors manage the interest rate risk through these fixed rate instruments.

**Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instruments will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Fund. The Responsible Entity and Investment Committee manage the exposure to credit risk on an ongoing basis.

The Consolidated Entity's maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Cash and cash equivalents	1,160,009	171,842
Trade and other receivables	292,207	211,735
Loans receivable	-	950,000
Other financial assets	33,808,877	24,360,096
	<u>35,261,093</u>	<u>25,693,673</u>

All of the cash held by the Consolidated Entity is held by Australian regulated banks. As such, the Responsible Entity and Investment Committee consider the credit risk to be low.

The Fund is exposed to credit risk on all other investments. As at 30 June 2019, the carrying value of \$33,808,877 (2018: \$25,521,831) is net of expected credit losses for those assets considered impaired or past due, and represents the maximum exposure to credit risk.



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**16 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)**

**Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Fund's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Fund's reputation.

In accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement the Fund is obliged to redeem units at the redemption price, however redemption is subject to the availability of surplus liquidity and at the approval of the Responsible Entity. All classes of units are issued in accordance with the relevant Product Disclosure Statements with a fixed term and no withdrawal rights.

The Fund's liquidity risk is managed on a monthly basis by the Board of Directors and Investment Committee in accordance with the policies and procedures in place.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, excluding interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements:

<b>Consolidated 2019</b>	<b>Carrying value \$</b>	<b>Contractual cash flows \$</b>	<b>0-6 Months \$</b>	<b>6- 12 Months \$</b>	<b>1-2 years \$</b>	<b>More than 2 years \$</b>
Accounts payable	645,402	645,402	645,402	-	-	-
Investors funds	36,867,898	36,867,898	36,867,898	-	-	-
	<u>37,513,300</u>	<u>37,513,300</u>	<u>37,513,300</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Consolidated 2018</b>	<b>Carrying value \$</b>	<b>Contractual cash flows \$</b>	<b>0-6 Months \$</b>	<b>6- 12 Months \$</b>	<b>1-2 years \$</b>	<b>More than 2 years \$</b>
Accounts payable	410,736	410,736	410,736	-	-	-
Investors funds	27,150,777	27,150,777	2,249,750	10,234,000	8,538,037	6,128,990
	<u>27,561,513</u>	<u>27,561,513</u>	<u>2,660,486</u>	<u>10,234,000</u>	<u>8,538,037</u>	<u>6,128,990</u>

The preference shares underlying the Development Income Fund's investor funds, have a Redemption Date of 12 months from the date of issue or upon sale of the assets by the issuer, whichever occurs earlier. Should the issuers project remain incomplete, unsold or otherwise unable to generate sufficient funds to redeem the Preference Shares at the Redemption Date, then the issuer will have right to automatically extend the term until sufficient profits are achieved in order for them to redeem the Preference Shares. The cashflow above is based on the expected timeframe of achieving sufficient profits.

**Operational risk**

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with the Fund's processes, personnel, technology and infrastructure, and from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risks such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of corporate behaviour. Operational risks arise from all of the Fund's operations.

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**16 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)**

**Operational risk (cont'd)**

The objective of the Responsible Entity and Investment Committee is to manage operational risk so as to balance the avoidance of financial losses and damage to the Fund's reputation with overall cost effectiveness and to avoid control procedures that restrict initiative and creativity.

The primary responsibility for the development and implementation of controls to address operational risk is assigned to the Responsible Entity and Investment Committee. This responsibility is supported by the development of standards for the management of operational risk in the following areas:

- requirements for appropriate segregation of duties, including the independent authorisation of transactions;
- requirements for the reconciliation and monitoring of transactions;
- compliance with regulatory and other legal requirements;
- documentation of controls and procedures;
- requirements for the periodic assessment of operational risks faced, and the adequacy of controls and procedures to address the risks identified;
- requirements for the reporting of operational losses and proposed remedial action;
- development of contingency plans;
- training and professional development;
- ethical and business standards; and
- risk mitigation, including insurance where this is effective.

**17 FAIR VALUE**

Set out below is a comparison of the carrying amounts of the fair value financial assets as at 30 June 2019 and 30 June 2018:

	30 June 2019		30 June 2018	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>Consolidated Financial assets</b>				
Investment in unlisted company	170,159	170,159	3,088,990	3,088,990
	<u>170,159</u>	<u>170,159</u>	<u>3,088,990</u>	<u>3,088,990</u>

*Fair value hierarchy*

The following tables detail the Consolidated Entity's assets and liabilities, measured or disclosed at fair value, using a three level hierarchy, based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the entire fair value measurement, being:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability

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**17 FAIR VALUE (CONT'D)**

<b>Consolidated 2019</b>	<b>Level 1 \$</b>	<b>Level 2 \$</b>	<b>Level 3 \$</b>	<b>Total \$</b>
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Investments in unlisted company	-	-	170,159	170,159
<b>2018</b>				
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Investments in unlisted company	-	-	3,088,990	3,088,990

All financial instruments for which fair value is recognised or disclosed are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole. Level 3 valuation techniques are those which are unobservable. As outlined in note 3, for the current investment in unlisted company held by the Consolidated Entity, cost is considered to be the best representation of fair value as at 30 June 2019 as the underlying unlisted public company is in the early stages of commercialisation and the potential fair value is therefore highly subjective and there are no reliable estimates that can be used. As such, there are no variables included in the calculation of fair value.

There are material uncertainties around the unlisted private company's ability to commercialise including obtaining all the necessary council, state and federal approvals, entering into leasing arrangements of the operational facility, assembly and successful operation of the facility, securing contracts with customers and funding cashflow requirements through to commercialisation which impact the ability to readily calculate a fair value.

**18 KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES**

The Directors of Guardian Securities Limited are considered to be Key Management Personnel of the Consolidated Entity. The Directors of the Responsible Entity in office during the year and up to the date of the report are:

Guy Hasenkam  
Christopher Wilson  
Errol Jackson

In addition to the Directors noted above, Guardian Securities Limited, the Responsible Entity of the Consolidated Entity, is considered to be Key Management Personnel with the authority for the strategic direction and management of the Consolidated Entity.

*Compensation*

No amount is paid by the Consolidated Entity directly to the Directors of the Responsible Entity. Consequently, no compensation as defined in AASB 124 "Related Party Disclosures" is paid by the Consolidated Entity to the Directors as Key Management Personnel.

Guardian Securities Limited provides management services to the Consolidated Entity. Transactions between the Consolidated Entity and the Responsible Entity Limited result from normal dealings with that Entity as the Consolidated Entity's Responsible Entity in accordance with the requirements of the relevant Product Disclosure Statements. Guardian Securities Limited is an Australian Financial Services License holder.

Guardian Securities Limited receives all management fees that have been paid by the Consolidated Entity during the year. The Consolidated Entity paid the following fees to the Responsible Entity during the financial year:

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**18 KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES (CONT'D)**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Management fees paid to Guardian Securities Limited	482,618	421,062
Management fees payable to Guardian Securities Limited	91,295	34,321
	<u>573,913</u>	<u>455,383</u>

*Other*

The Consolidated Entity has not made, guaranteed or secured, either directly or indirectly, any loans to the Directors and Key Management Personnel of the Responsible Entity, or their personally related entities, at any time during the financial year.

No Directors and Key Management Personnel of the Responsible Entity, or their personally related entities, have entered into a material contract with the Consolidated Entity.

**19 RELATED PARTIES**

***Parent entity***

The Guardian Investment Fund is the master fund of the Consolidated Group.

***Subsidiaries***

Interests in subsidiaries are set out in note 24.

***Key management personnel***

Disclosures relating to key management personnel are set out in note 18.

***Transactions with related parties***

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

Interest income	<u>3,000,370</u>	<u>1,623,034</u>
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Interest income has been received from SMSF Property Fund which is a registered scheme of which Guardian Securities Limited also acts as Responsible Entity for. The preference shares are interest bearing at 12% per annum, are redeemable at the later of 12 months from the date of issue or at the time the underlying developments in the private companies are completed and sold, and have priority repayment security.

There are no other transactions with related parties during the financial year ended 30 June 2019 (2018: \$nil).

***Investments, receivables from and payables to related parties***

Preference shares	<u>28,795,037</u>	<u>19,061,106</u>
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These investments are within SMSF Property Fund, a registered scheme of which Guardian Securities Limited also acts as Responsible Entity. The preference shares relate to shares held in various special purpose property development companies established as part of the SMSF Property Fund group.

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**19 RELATED PARTIES (CONT'D)**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<b><i>Investments, receivables from and payables to related parties (cont'd)</i></b>		
Trade receivables	282,411	197,268

Trade receivables are from SMSF Property Fund, a registered scheme of which Guardian Securities Limited also acts as Responsible Entity and relate to interest income receivable on the preference shares.

Trade payables	91,295	76,731
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Trade payables are to Guardian Securities Limited and GSL Services Pty Ltd, both related entities of the Fund, and are connection with fees under the Product Disclosure Statements and recharges of costs to the Consolidated Entity.

Loans payable	5,545	65,545
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Loans payable are to GSL Services Pty Ltd, are interest free and are unsecured. The purpose of the loans was to provide funding required to pay Fund expenditure during the financial year.

There are no other receivables from or payables to related parties as at 30 June 2019 (2018: \$nil).

***Related party investments held by the Consolidated Entity***

Apart from those noted above, the Consolidated Entity has no investment in related parties as at 30 June 2019 (2018: \$nil).

***Related party investing activities***

There are no related parties have investments in the Consolidated Entity as at 30 June 2019 (2018: \$nil).

**20 AUDITORS REMUNERATION**

During the financial year, the following fees were payable for services provided by Auditors. A related party, GSL Services Pty Ltd has agreed to pay the following fees, for services provided by PKF (Gold Coast), the auditor of the Consolidated Entity:

<b><i>Audit services – PKF (Gold Coast)</i></b>		
Annual audit of the financial statements	14,500	14,500
Half-year review of the financial statements	10,000	10,000
Audit of the compliance plan	6,750	6,750
	<u>31,250</u>	<u>31,250</u>
<b><i>Other services – PKF (Gold Coast)</i></b>		
Preparation of the tax return	17,800	17,800
	<u>49,050</u>	<u>49,050</u>

**21 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

The Consolidated Entity did not have any contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2019 (2018: \$nil).

**22 COMMITMENTS**

There are no commitments, either capital, operating or finance, as at 30 June 2019 (2018: \$nil).

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## 23 PARENT ENTITY INFORMATION

The Corporations Act requirement to prepare parent entity financial statements where consolidated financial statements are prepared has been removed and replaced by regulation 2M.3.01 which requires the following limited disclosure in regards to the parent entity, The Guardian Investment Fund. The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the parent entity in accordance with the accounting policy described in Note 2.

	2019 \$	2018 \$
Total assets	38,474,930	27,924,844
Total liabilities	349,672	242,025
Net assets attributable to investors – liability	<u>38,125,258</u>	<u>27,682,819</u>
Change in net assets attributable to investors	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

### *Guarantees*

No guarantees have been entered into by the parent entity in relation to debts of its subsidiaries as at 30 June 2019 and 30 June 2018.

### *Contractual commitments*

The parent entity has no commitments of as at 30 June 2019 and 30 June 2018.

### *Contingent liabilities*

The parent entity has no contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2019 and 30 June 2018.

### *Significant accounting policies*

The accounting policies of the parent entity are consistent with those of the Consolidated Entity, as disclosed in note 2, except for investments in subsidiaries which are accounted for at cost, less any impairment, in the parent entity.

## 24 SUBSIDIARIES

The consolidated financial statements incorporates the assets, liabilities and results of the following sub funds in accordance with the accounting policy described in note 2.

Name of entity	Country	Holding	
		2019 %	2018 %
Full Luck Fund Sub-Fund and controlled entity Full Luck Fund Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
SJQ Investments Sub-Fund Pty Ltd and controlled entity SJQ Investments Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
Development Income Fund Sub-Fund	Australia	100	100
Fundus Trust No. 1 Sub-Fund	Australia	100	100
Barnaby Terrace Sub-Fund	Australia	100	100
Molecular Mediation Sub-Fund	Australia	100	100
Fundus Trust No. 2 Sub-Fund	Australia	100	-

**THE GUARDIAN INVESTMENT FUND  
AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES  
ARSN 168 048 057**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019**

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<b>25 RECONCILIATION OF CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Profit/(loss) from operating activities before distributions	(1,673,260)	(8,698,166)
<i>Non-cash items</i>		
Allowance for expected credit losses	358,403	9,798,650
Decline in fair value	3,116,951	-
<i>Movements in working capital:</i>		
Decrease/(increase) in accounts receivables	(80,472)	(61,274)
Increase/(decrease) in accounts payables	15,267	(2,254)
Increase/(decrease) in provision for income tax	-	-
Cash flows from operating activities	<u>1,736,889</u>	<u>1,036,956</u>

**26 EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING DATE**

Subsequent to the year end, the Fund has entered into and settled various financial investments as outlined in its various Product Disclosure Statements and associated investment strategies. These are considered to be in the normal course of business.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since 30 June 2019 that have significantly affected, or may significantly affect the Consolidated Entity's operations, the results of those operations, or the Consolidated Entity's state of affairs in future financial years.

**THE GUARDIAN INVESTMENT FUND  
AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES  
ARSN 168 048 057**

**DIRECTORS' DECLARATION  
30 June 2019**

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In the opinion of the directors of Guardian Securities Limited, Responsible Entity of The Guardian Investment Fund and its Consolidated Entity:

- a. the attached financial statements and notes thereto comply with the *Corporations Act 2001*, the Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- b. the attached financial statements and notes thereto comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in note 2 to the financial statements;
- c. the attached financial statements and notes thereto give a true and fair view of the Consolidated Entity's financial position as at 30 June 2019 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- d. there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Consolidated Entity will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors,



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**Guy Hasenkam**  
Director

30th September 2019  
Gold Coast



## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF THE GUARDIAN INVESTMENT FUND**

### **Report on the financial statements**

#### **Auditor's opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of The Guardian Investment Fund and its Consolidated Entities ("the Fund"), which comprises the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2019, and the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders and Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the financial year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion:

- (a) The financial statements of The Guardian Investment Fund is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - i. giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2019 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
  - ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
- (b) The financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in note 2.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 3 in the financial report which outlines that the Fund has an investment in an unlisted company carried at its estimated net asset value of \$170,159 at 30 June 2019. The notes outline that material estimates and assumptions have been made by management in determining the carrying value of the investment which has been calculated at the investments estimated net asset value, as being the best representation of its fair value. This determination was made as there are material uncertainties and the potential fair value is highly subjective and not reasonably obtainable.

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## **Basis of Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## **Independence**

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial statement in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

## **Other Information**

The Directors of Guardian Securities Limited ("the Responsible Entity") are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Fund's annual report, but does not include the financial statement and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statement does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statement, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statement or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## **Directors' responsibility for the financial statements**

The directors of the Guardian Securities Limited ("the Responsible Entity") are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In note 2, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

In preparing the financial statement, the directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using a going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Responsible Entity either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

### **Auditor's responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individual or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial statement.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial statement that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors of the Responsible Entity, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' of the Responsible Entity's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statement or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.

We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statement, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statement represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Fund to express an opinion on the financial statement. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors of the Responsible Entity regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Accountants &  
business advisers

The Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements. We also provide the directors of the Responsible Entity with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

**PKF**

A handwritten signature in grey ink, appearing to read 'William Grant Chatham', is written over a faint, stylized outline of the PKF logo.

**William Grant Chatham**  
Partner

30th September 2019  
Gold Coast