

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND  
ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**

**ARSN 159 753 474**

**Annual Report - 30 June 2021**

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**DIRECTORS' REPORT**  
**30 JUNE 2021**

The directors of Guardian Securities Limited (the "Responsible Entity"), the Responsible Entity of SMSF Property Fund (referred to hereafter as the "Fund"), present their financial report together with the financial statements of the Consolidated Entity (referred to hereafter as the "Consolidated Entity"), consisting of the unit trust and the special purpose vehicles it controlled for the year ended 30 June 2021, and the auditor's report thereon.

**Directors**

The following persons were directors of Guardian Securities Limited during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

Guy Hasenkam  
Steven Maarbani  
Craig Hart (resigned on 20 November 2020)

The Fund is a registered managed investment scheme domiciled in Australia. SMSF Property Fund is a property fund that was formed to acquire Australian residential property for development purposes on behalf of fund investors. The Fund invests in Australian residential property through special purpose vehicles established for each investment opportunity, each of which form part of the Consolidated Entity.

The Consolidated Entity did not have any employees during the half-year.

No significant change in the nature of these activities occurred during the year.

**Fund information**

SMSF Property Fund ("the Fund") is a registered managed investment scheme under the *Corporations Act 2001*. The Fund was constituted on 15 August 2012 and will terminate on 14 August 2092 unless terminated in accordance with the Constitution.

The registered office and principal place of business of the Responsible Entity and the Fund is Level 1, 800 Kingsford Smith Drive, Eagle Farm, QLD 4009.

**Review of operations**

The net profit from ordinary activities after income tax and distributions to the investors for the year ended 30 June 2021 amounted to \$631,080 (2020: loss of \$3,569,734).

Included within the profit for the year loss there is a gain on settlement of sub-trusts amounting to \$4,063,858 (2020: nil). Also, net results include is impairment of \$583,990 (2020: \$1,279,215) which is from the movement the fair value of the investment property of Livingstone.

The majority of the projects are in development stage and commercial revenues from sales were \$9,114,500 (2020: \$10,506,107).

**Scheme assets**

At 30 June 2021, the Consolidated Entity had total assets of \$67,139,870 (2020: \$64,165,237), which were primarily invested in various residential development projects in Australia. The Consolidated Entity had 855 investors at 30 June 2021 (30 June 2020: 748) in its various classes of units.

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**DIRECTORS' REPORT**  
**30 JUNE 2021**

Responsible entity

The following fees were paid and payable to Guardian Securities Limited out of the Consolidated Entity's property during the financial year:

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Management fees paid directly by the Consolidated Entity	<u>203,875</u>	<u>261,830</u>

The Guardian Investment Fund, subscribed for \$27,431,965 (30 June 2020: \$39,174,785) preference shares in various special purpose vehicles during the financial half-year. The Responsible Entity and its associates had no other funds invested in the Consolidated Entity at balance date.

Distributions

Partial redemptions of \$6,529,029 (2020: \$1,536,520) and no distributions were paid during the year (2020: \$nil).

Investor Funds

The Consolidated Entity received \$Nil (2020: Nil) of investor funds during the year, while \$nil was withdrawn (2020: \$1,536,520). The balance of investors' funds at the end of the financial year amounted to \$5,790,952 (2020: \$11,831,234)

**Significant changes in the state of affairs**

In the opinion of the Responsible Entity, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Consolidated Entity that occurred during the half-year under review other than as disclosed in the review and results of operations.

**Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year**

Chermside Residences Development Pty Ltd has subsequently rented out the property. As per management's strategy, the property is expected to be held for 5 years before selling to maximize benefits of investment property held after construction. The GPS facility current held by Chermside has expired on September 2021. No new contract has been entered into as GPS is aware that there is a new planned refinancing that will be executed with another financier in the next months. As such, the current terms under this loan will be kept until new refinancing is completed.

Subsequent to year end, Burrell Avenue Development Pty Ltd sold 9 lots for a total of \$3.3m. This was used to settle the external loan with Westpac and payment for the return of capital. As at September 2021, the Westpac facility was paid out in full and the account closed. As at the date of this report, only 4 lots are left to be sold with expected total revenue of \$2m on March 2022.

Bryna Parade Residences Development Pty Ltd has sold 11 lots for \$2.8m subsequent to the year end. The proceeds are used to repay preference shares and the construction of the remaining properties.

On February 2022, Glenvale Devine Development entered into an agreement with Homecorp Construction Pty Ltd to purchase 75 lots. The purpose of the agreement was to provide a put and call options for the sale and acquisition of the lots and to eventually sell the lots to third parties.

Fernvale sold 24 lots subsequent to year-end 30 June 2021 for \$8m. The remaining 9 lots left are expected to be sold in March 2022 for a total of \$2.5m.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since 30 June 2021 that have significantly affected, or may significantly affect the Consolidated Entity's operations, the results of those operations, or the Consolidated Entity's state of affairs in future financial years.

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**DIRECTORS' REPORT**  
**30 JUNE 2021**

**Likely developments and expected results of operations**

The Consolidated Entity will continue to pursue its policy of increasing returns through active investment selection.

Further information about likely developments in the operations of the Consolidated Entity and the expected results of those operations in the future financial years has not been included in this report because disclosure of the information would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Consolidated Entity.

**Environmental regulation**

The Consolidated Entity is not subject to any significant environmental regulation under Australian Commonwealth or State law.

**Indemnity and insurance of officers**

The Constitution of the responsible entity has indemnified the directors and executives of the responsible entity for costs incurred, in their capacity as a director or executive, for which they may be held personally liable, except where there is a lack of good faith.

During the financial year, the responsible entity paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the directors and executives of the responsible entity against a liability to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001. The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium.

**Indemnity and insurance of auditor**

The responsible entity has not, during or since the end of the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the fund or any related entity against a liability incurred by the auditor.

During the financial year, the responsible entity has not paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the auditor of the fund or any related entity.

**Interests in the fund**

The movement in units on issue in the fund during the year is disclosed in note 14 to the financial statements.

The value of the fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed in the statement of financial position and derived using the basis set out in note 1 to the financial statements.

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**Auditor's independence declaration**

**Auditor's independence declaration**

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out immediately after this directors' report.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of directors, pursuant to section 306(3)(a) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

On behalf of the directors

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of several overlapping, sweeping strokes that form a cursive, somewhat abstract shape.

Steven Maarbani  
Director

Dated this day 14 April 2022  
Sydney

**RSM Australia Partners**

Level 21, 55 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3000  
PO Box 248 Collins Street West VIC 8007

T +61 (0) 3 9286 8000  
F +61 (0) 3 9286 8199

[www.rsm.com.au](http://www.rsm.com.au)

**AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION**

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of SMSF Property Fund for the year ended 30 June 2021, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (i) the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.



**RSM AUSTRALIA PARTNERS**



**R J MORILLO MALDONADO**  
Partner

Dated: 14 April 2022  
Melbourne, Victoria

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**CONTENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	7
Consolidated statement of financial position	8
Consolidated statement of changes in equity	9
Consolidated statement of cash flows	10
Notes to the financial statements	11
Directors' declaration	42
Independent auditor's report	43

**General information**

The SMSF Property Fund ("the Fund" or "the Consolidated Entity") is a registered managed investment scheme domiciled in Australia and that was formed to acquire Australian residential property for development purposes on behalf of fund investors. The Fund invests in Australian residential property through special purpose vehicles established for each investment opportunity, each of which form part of the Consolidated Entity.

The financial report covers SMSF Property Fund as a Consolidated Entity consisting of Paddington View Residences Development Pty Limited, Park Avenue Developments Pty Limited, Stafford Residences Development Pty Limited, Livingstone Street Residences Development Pty Limited, Burrell Avenue Developments Pty Limited, Rosedene Street Residences Development Pty Limited, Bryna Parade Residences Development Pty Limited, Chermerside Residences Development Pty Limited, Fernvale Development Pty Limited and Glenvale Devine Road Developments Pty Limited. The financial report is presented in Australian dollars, which is SMSF Property Fund's functional and presentation currency.

A description of the nature of the fund's operations and its principal activities are included in the directors' report, which is not part of the financial statements.

The financial statements were authorised for issue, in accordance with a resolution of directors, on 13 April 2022. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

	Note	2021 \$	2020 Restated * \$
<b>Revenues and other income</b>			
Revenue and rental income	6(a)/11	9,279,118	10,658,616
Cost of sales	10	<u>(10,245,860)</u>	<u>(10,682,728)</u>
Gross profit/ (deficit)		(966,742)	(24,112)
Other income	6 (b)	4,143,818	63,501
<b>Expenses</b>			
Finance costs		(256,657)	(295,204)
Management fees	17	(203,875)	(261,830)
Professional fees		(446,495)	(282,589)
Marketing fees		(527,994)	(780,845)
Property expenses		(355,485)	(407,565)
Impairment expense	10	(583,990)	(1,279,215)*
Other expenses		<u>(171,500)</u>	<u>(301,875)</u>
Total expenses		<u>(2,545,996)</u>	<u>(3,609,734)</u>
<b>Profit/ (loss) before distributions and income tax attributable to unitholders</b>		<u>631,080</u>	<u>(3,569,734)</u>
Distributions paid to investors		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Profit/ (loss) after distributions and income tax attributable to unitholders</b>		<u>631,080</u>	<u>(3,569,734)</u>
Income tax expense		-	-*
<b>Profit / (loss) after distributions and income tax attributable to unitholders</b>		<u><u>631,080</u></u>	<u><u>(3,569,734)</u></u>
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>			
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Total comprehensive income/ (loss) (change in net assets attributable to unitholders)</b>		<u><u>631,080</u></u>	<u><u>(3,569,734)</u></u>

\* Refer to note 5 for details of restatement of comparative number.

*The above statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes*



**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**  
**AS AT 30 JUNE 2021**

	Note	2021 \$	2020 Restated* \$	1 July 2019 Restated* \$
<b>Assets</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	7	1,168,878	1,189,325	389,082
Trade and other receivables	8	301,050	238,353	580,452
Other assets	9	753,043	390,737	70,000
Inventories	10	57,321,504	58,736,823	46,995,005
Property, plant and equipment		1,798	-	-
Investment property	11	7,593,597	3,610,000	-
<b>Total assets</b>		<b><u>67,139,870</u></b>	<b><u>64,165,237</u></b>	<b><u>48,034,539</u></b>
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:				
Trade and other payables	12	3,739,348	3,774,488	2,930,000
Loans	13	21,596,550	13,848,979	2,662,917
Preference shares	14	36,013,120	34,710,537	19,361,106
Deferred tax liabilities*		-	-	-
<b>Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to investors)</b>		<b><u>61,348,918</u></b>	<b><u>52,334,003</u></b>	<b><u>24,954,023</u></b>
<b>Net assets attributable to investors – liability</b>		<b><u>5,790,952</u></b>	<b><u>11,831,234</u></b>	<b><u>23,080,516</u></b>

\* Refer to note 5 for details of restatement of comparative figures

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

	Units on Issue	Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders *
	No.	\$
<b>Balance at 1 July 2020</b>	31,326,412	11,831,234
Issue of units:		
Redemption of units	(5,706,810)	(6,671,362)
Comprehensive income:		
Profit for the year	-	631,080
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total Comprehensive income for the year	-	631,080
<b>Balance at 30 June 2021</b>	<b>25,619,602</b>	<b>5,790,952</b>
<b>Balance at 30 June 2019</b>	31,576,324	16,375,366
<b>Adjustment from prior year error</b>		562,122
<b>Restated balance at 1 July 2019</b>		16,937,488
Issue of units	-	-
Redemption of units	(249,912)	(1,536,520)
Increase in net assets attributable to unitholders from transactions in units	(249,912)	(1,536,520)
Comprehensive income:		
Loss for the year	-	(3,569,735)
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(3,569,735)
<b>Balance at 30 June 2020</b>	<b>31,326,412</b>	<b>11,831,234</b>

\* Refer to Note 5 for the details regarding restatement of the comparative figures

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

	<b>Note</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
		\$	\$
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Receipts from customers		13,258,233	10,562,289
Rental income received		164,618	152,509
Interest received		85	7,319
Payment for inventories		(13,398,129)	(17,190,132)
Management fees paid		(84,538)	(8,414)
Other operating costs paid		(2,337,709)	(1,778,432)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Net cash flows used in operating activities</b>	24	<u>(2,397,440)</u>	<u>(8,254,861)</u>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(1,798)	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Net cash flows used in investing activities</b>		<u>(1,798)</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Redemptions of units on issue		(5,706,810)	(1,536,520)
Proceeds from issue of preference shares		7,009,393	14,136,500
Redemptions paid for preference shares		(6,671,362)	(9,911,000)
Proceeds from borrowings		11,378,978	9,339,362
Repayment of borrowings		(3,631,408)	(3,717,953)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Net cash provided by financing activities</b>		<u>2,378,790</u>	<u>8,310,389</u>
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(20,447)	55,528
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		1,189,325	1,133,797
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	7	<u>1,168,878</u>	<u>1,189,325</u>

*The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes*

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 1. General Information**

The SMSF Property Fund ("the Fund" or "the Consolidated Entity") is a registered managed investment scheme domiciled in Australia and that was formed to acquire Australian residential property for development purposes on behalf of fund investors. The Fund invests in Australian residential property through special purpose vehicles established for each investment opportunity, each of which form part of the Consolidated Entity.

The financial report covers SMSF Property Fund as a Consolidated Entity consisting of Paddington View Residences Development Pty Limited, Park Avenue Developments Pty Limited, Stafford Residences Development Pty Limited, Livingstone Street Residences Development Pty Limited, Burrell Avenue Developments Pty Limited, Rosedene Street Residences Development Pty Limited, Bryna Parade Residences Development Pty Limited, Chermside Residences Development Pty Limited, Fernvale Development Pty Limited and Glenvale Devine Road Developments Pty Limited. The financial report is presented in Australian dollars, which is SMSF Property Fund's functional and presentation currency.

The financial report was authorised for issue, in accordance with a resolution of directors of the Responsible Entity, on 13 April 2022.

**Note 2. Significant accounting policies**

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

**New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted**

The fund has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**Basis of preparation**

These general-purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') and the Corporations Act 2001, as appropriate for for-profit oriented entities. These financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB').

The Statement of financial position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity. The table below presents the amount expected to be recovered or settled after more than twelve months for each asset and liability line item that combines amounts to be recovered or settled within twelve months as at 30 June 2021:

	<b>30 June 2021</b>	<b>30 June 2020</b>
<b>Assets</b>		
<b>Expected within 12 months</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,168,878	1,189,325
Trade and other receivables	126,092	238,353
Loans to related parties	174,958	-
Other Assets	753,043	390,737
Inventories	20,600,845	15,035,718
	22,823,816	16,854,133
<b>Expected in more than 12 months</b>		
Inventories	36,720,658	43,701,104
Investment Properties	7,593,597	3,610,000
Property, plant and equipment	1,798	-
	44,316,053	47,311,104
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>67,139,869</b>	<b>64,165,237</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
<b>Expected within 12 months</b>		
Payables	3,739,248	3,774,488
Loans	15,095,567	13,848,980
Preference Shares	11,138,875	5,534,841
	29,973,690	23,158,309
<b>Expected in more than 12 months</b>		
Loans	6,500,983	-
Preference shares	24,874,245	29,175,695
	31,375,228	29,175,695
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>61,348,918</b>	<b>52,334,004</b>

*Critical accounting estimates*

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the fund's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 2.

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**Principles of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of SMSF Property Fund ('Fund' or 'unit trust') as at 30 June 2021 and the results of all subsidiaries for the year then ended. SMSF Property Fund and its subsidiaries together are referred to in these financial statements as the 'Consolidated Entity'.

Subsidiaries are all those entities over which the Consolidated Entity has control. The Consolidated Entity controls an entity when the Consolidated Entity is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Consolidated Entity. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between entities in the Consolidated Entity are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Consolidated Entity.

The acquisition of subsidiaries is accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. A change in ownership interest, without the loss control, is accounted for as an equity transaction, where the difference between the consideration transferred and the book value of the share of the non-controlling interest acquired is recognised directly in equity attributable to the parent.

Non-controlling interest in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Consolidated Entity. Losses incurred by the Consolidated Entity are attributed to the non-controlling interest in full, even if that results in a deficit balance.

Where the Consolidated Entity loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the assets including goodwill, liabilities and non-controlling interest in the subsidiary together with any cumulative translation differences recognised in equity. The Consolidated Entity recognises fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any investment retained together with any gain or loss in profit or loss.

**Master Fund information**

In accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, these financial statements present the results of the Consolidated Entity only. Supplementary information about the parent entity is disclosed in Note 22.

**Functional and presentation currency**

These financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the Consolidated Entity's functional currency.

**Fair value measurement**

The Consolidated Entity measures investment properties at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**Fair value measurement (continued)**

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Consolidated Entity. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Consolidated Entity uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For recurring and non-recurring fair value measurements, external valuers may be used when internal expertise is either not available or when the valuation is deemed to be significant. External valuers are selected based on market knowledge and reputation. Where there is a significant change in fair value of an asset or liability from one period to another, an analysis is undertaken, which includes a verification of the major inputs applied in the latest valuation and a comparison, where applicable, with external sources of data

**Revenue recognition**

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Consolidated Entity and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

*Sales revenue*

Sales revenue is recognised at settlement, which is when the risks and rewards have been transferred to the customer in accordance with the valid sales contract.

*Sales revenue - individual properties*

Sales revenue is recognised at settlement, which is when control of the asset has been transferred to the customer in accordance with the valid sales contract. Sales revenue is recognised at the amount agreed in the contract.

*Sales revenue - house and land packages*

Sales revenue is recognised at settlement, which is when control of the asset has been transferred to the customer in accordance with the valid sales contract. Sales revenue is recognised at the amount agreed in the contract.

*Other income*

Other income is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

**Finance costs**

Finance costs attributable to qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the asset. All other finance costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

**Investment property**

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

Investment properties principally comprise of freehold land and buildings held for long-term rental and capital appreciation that are not occupied by the Consolidated Entity. Investment properties are initially recognised at cost, including transaction costs, and are subsequently remeasured annually at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognised directly to profit or loss.

Investment properties transferred from inventories that will be carried at fair value are measured at the date of transfer and any difference between the fair value of the property at that date and its previous carrying amount are recognised in profit or loss.

**Income tax**

Under current legislation, the fund is not subject to income tax provided it attributes the entirety of its taxable income, including realised capital gains, to its unitholders.

**Financial instruments - initial recognition and subsequent measurement**

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

*Initial recognition and measurement*

Financial assets are classified, at the initial recognition, and subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Consolidated Entity's business model for managing them. The Consolidated Entity initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Consolidated Entity has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under AASB 15. Refer to the accounting policies in section "Revenue from contracts with customers".

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding.

This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

The Consolidated Entity's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting the contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Consolidated Entity commits to purchase or sell the asset.

*Subsequent measurement*

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial asset are classified in four categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments),
- Financial assets at fair value through OCI with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments),
- Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments),
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.



**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**Financial assets (continued)**

*Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)*

This category is the most relevant to the Consolidated Entity. The Consolidated Entity measures financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amounts outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

The Consolidated Entity's financial assets at amortised cost includes trade receivables and a loan to an associate.

*Derecognition*

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Consolidated Entity's statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Consolidated Entity has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either
  - a) the Consolidated Entity has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
  - b) the Consolidated Entity has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Consolidated Entity has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Consolidated Entity continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Consolidated Entity also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Consolidated Entity has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Consolidated Entity could be required to repay.

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**Financial assets (continued)**

*Impairment of financial assets*

Further disclosures relating to impairment of financial assets are provided in Note 3.

The Consolidated Entity recognises an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Consolidated Entity expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For trade receivables and contract assets, the Consolidated Entity applies a simplified approach in calculating the ECLs. Therefore, the Consolidated Entity does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Consolidated Entity has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The Consolidated Entity considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 120 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Consolidated Entity may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Consolidated Entity is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Consolidated Entity. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

**Financial liabilities**

*Initial recognition and measurement*

Financial liabilities are classified, at the initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, and payables, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans, borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable costs.

The Consolidated Entity's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowing.

*Subsequent measurement*

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below for the material classifications:

*Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss*

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**Financial liabilities (continued)**

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in AASB 9 are satisfied. The Consolidated Entity has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit or loss.

*Derecognition*

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the amount is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

**Inventories**

Inventories of the Consolidated Entity represent work in progress or finished goods for the property developments. Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale

Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition are accounted for, as follows:

- Raw materials: purchase cost on a first-in/first-out basis, or
- Finished goods and work in progress: cost of direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the normal operating capacity.

**Expenses**

All expenses, including Responsible Entity's fees and custodian fees, are recognised in profit or loss on an accruals basis.

**Increase/decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders**

Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders. Where the Fund's units are classified as liabilities, distributions attributable to unitholders are recognised in profit or loss as finance costs.

**Distribution and taxation**

Financial instruments held at fair value may include unrealised capital gains. Should such a gain be realised that portion of the gain that is subject to capital gains tax will be distributed so that the Consolidated Entity is not subject to capital gains tax.

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**Units issued, applications and redemptions**

All redeemable units issued by the Fund provide the investors with the right to redemption for cash and give rise to a financial liability. In accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement the Fund is contractually obliged to redeem units at the redemption price, however redemption is subject to the availability of surplus liquidity and at the approval of the Responsible Entity.

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Fund. Redemptions from the Fund are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed.

**Goods and Services Tax ('GST') and other similar taxes**

Management fees, custody fees and other expenses are recognised net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST) recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flow on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the tax authority, are presented as operating cash flows. Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority.

Income, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the tax authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of the acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority is included in other receivables or other payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the tax authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority.

**Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

**Trade and other receivables**

Other receivables are recognised at amortised cost, less any allowance for expected credit losses.

**Investments and other financial assets**

Investments and other financial assets are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs are included as part of the initial measurement, except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Such assets are subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value depending on their classification. Classification is determined based on both the business model within which such assets are held and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset unless an accounting mismatch is being avoided.

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**Investments and other financial assets (continued)**

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows have expired or have been transferred and the fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. When there is no reasonable expectation of recovering part or all of a financial asset, its carrying value is written off.

*Financial assets at amortised cost*

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost only if both of the following conditions are met: (i) it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and (ii) the contractual terms of the financial asset represent contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

*Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss*

Financial assets not measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Typically, such financial assets will be either: (i) held for trading, where they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the short-term with an intention of making a profit, or a derivative; or (ii) designated as such upon initial recognition where permitted. Fair value movements are recognised in profit or loss.

*Impairment of financial assets*

The fund recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets which are either measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income. The measurement of the loss allowance depends upon the fund's assessment at the end of each reporting period as to whether the financial instrument's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, based on reasonable and supportable information that is available, without undue cost or effort to obtain.

Where there has not been a significant increase in exposure to credit risk since initial recognition, a 12-month expected credit loss allowance is estimated. This represents a portion of the asset's lifetime expected credit losses that is attributable to a default event that is possible within the next 12 months. Where a financial asset has become credit impaired or where it is determined that credit risk has increased significantly, the loss allowance is based on the asset's lifetime expected credit losses. The amount of expected credit loss recognised is measured on the basis of the probability weighted present value of anticipated cash shortfalls over the life of the instrument discounted at the original effective interest rate.

For financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income with a corresponding expense through profit or loss. In all other cases, the loss allowance reduces the asset's carrying value with a corresponding expense through profit or loss.

**Trade and other payables**

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the fund prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature, they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

**Financial guarantee contracts**

Financial guarantee contracts are initially recognised as a liability and are measured at fair value at the time the guarantee is issued. Fair value is determined as the present value of the difference in net cash flows between the contractual payments with and without the guarantee, or the estimated amount payable to a third party for assuming the obligation.

The liability is subsequently measured at the higher of: (i) the amount required to settle the obligation, based on probability of default and the exposure by guarantor discounted to present value, where the time value of money is material or (ii) the amount initially recognised less any cumulative amortisation.

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**Financial guarantee contracts (continued)**

Guarantees issued for no consideration on behalf of subsidiaries or associates are accounted for as contributions at fair value and recognised as part of the cost of the investment.

**Borrowings**

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs.

Preference shares, which are mandatorily redeemable on a specific date, are classified as liabilities. Any interest on these preference shares are capitalized and is recognised as part of the cost.

**Borrowing costs**

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings, pending their expenditure on qualifying assets, is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

**Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the fund has a present (legal or constructive) obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable the fund will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. If the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate specific to the liability. The increase in the provision resulting from the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

**Net assets attributable to unitholders**

The funds units are puttable financial instruments that have been classified as equity, as they have the all of the following features:

- entitle the holder to a pro-rata share of the fund's net assets in the event of the fund's liquidation;
- are in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments and class features;
- do not include any contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset, or to exchange financial assets with another entity under potentially unfavourable conditions to the fund, and it is not a contract settled in equity instruments; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the units over the life are based substantially on the profit or loss of the fund.

The units are redeemable at the unitholders' option, however, applications and redemptions may be suspended by the responsible entity if it is in the best interests of the unitholders.

The units can be put back to the fund at any time for cash, based on the redemption price, which is equal to a proportionate share of the fund's net asset value attributable to the unitholders.

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**Net assets attributable to unitholders – liability**

Quantitative information about the Consolidated Entity's net assets attributable to unitholders is provided in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders. The Consolidated Entity manages its net assets attributable to unitholders as capital, notwithstanding net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability.

Investors within the Consolidated Entity are issued classes of units which correspond with the particular development the investors are investing in. Classes of units are issued with a fixed term and no withdrawal rights. Prior to the expiry of a class of units, properties corresponding to that class of units must be sold and net proceeds distributed to investors. Investors in a class of units will have a proportional beneficial interest in the property corresponding to that class of units. Investors will not have a beneficial interest in a property corresponding to another class of units.

**Applications and redemptions**

Applications received for units in the fund are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the fund. Redemptions from the fund are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed.

**Distributions**

Distributions are recognised when declared during the financial year and no longer at the discretion of the fund.

Provision is made for the amount of any distribution declared, being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the fund, on or before the end of the financial year but not distributed at the reporting date.

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**Note 3. Critical accounting judgements, estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, income and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events, management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting judgements and estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

*(a) Provision for impairment of inventories*

The provision for impairment of inventories assessment required a degree of estimation and judgement. The level of the provision is assessed by taking into account the recent sales experience, the estimated costs to complete and other factors that affect net realisable value. The directors of the Responsible Entity have assessed that as at 30 June 2021 certain inventory write downs were required for specific developments where estimated total construction costs exceed the estimated net realisable value. Refer to Note 10 for further details.

*(b) Allowance for expected credit losses*

The allowance for expected credit losses assessment requires a degree of estimation and judgement. It is based on the lifetime expected credit loss, grouped based on days overdue, and makes assumptions to allocate an overall expected credit loss rate for each group. These assumptions include recent sales experience and historical collection rates.

*(c) Income tax*

Under the current tax legislation, the fund is not subject to income tax provided it attributes the entirety of its taxable income, including realised capital gains, to its unitholders.



**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 4. Going concern**

The Consolidated entity had negative operating cash out flows of \$2,397,440 for the year ended 30 June 2021. The Consolidated entity also have a net current liability position of \$7,149,874.

The above results and financial position indicate a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt as to whether The Consolidated Entity will continue as a going concern and therefore whether it will realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business and at the amounts stated in the financial report.

The directors of Guardian Securities Limited (the Responsible entity of the entity), after reviewing the cashflow forecast for the period until end of April 2023, have concluded the Consolidated Entity will be able to pay its debts and financial commitments as they fall due for a period of more than 12 months after the signing of this financial report. The directors' assessment considered the following matters:

- As mentioned in note 25, the Consolidated Entity:
  - Repaid a bank loan and preference shares amounting to \$1m and \$2m, respectively, in relation to the subsidiary Burrell Avenue Developments Pty Limited ("Burrell");
  - After 30 June 2021, Burrell has sold approx. \$2.8m of complete lots and the directors of the Responsible Entity are confident that they will be able to raise further funds to complete the project and settle the properties;
  - The Chermshire Residences Development Pty Limited's project has been completed and fully rented. A debt strategy implemented by the Responsible Entity is in progress to reduce the overall debt by selling 3 units and refinancing a third- party loan to a sub 3% interest rate. The forecasted cash flows, shows that the property's operating revenue will cover interest and operating expenses;
- The carrying value of the Consolidated Entity's projects, after any impairments, exceed the balance of the secured borrowings; and
- Based on its good track record of fund raising, sales, and repayment of borrowings, the directors of the Responsible Entity are confident that the Consolidated Entity will be able to raise further funds to complete the project and settle the properties.

The financial report does not include any adjustments relating to the amounts or classification of recorded assets or liabilities that might be necessary if the Consolidated Entity does not continue as a going concern.

○

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 5. Correction of errors**

- i. During the current period, management identified an error in the determination of the accounting of income tax of the Consolidated entity. Under the current tax legislation, the Entity is not be subject to income tax because it attributes any taxable income, including realised capital gains, to its unitholders.
- ii. During the financial year ended 30 June 2021, management undertook a detailed review of the inventory balances and identified that some impairments which are related to parent entity investments to the sub-funds, where recorded as impairment to the inventory balance. We have reversed the impairments that are not applicable to the inventory, and recorded impairment at year-end for the Investment balances.

The above has been corrected by restating each of the affected financial statement line items for the prior comparative periods as follows:

	30 June 2020	Increase/ (decrease)	<b>30 June 2020 restated</b>	30 June 2019	Increase/ (decrease)	<b>30 June 2019 restated</b>
i. Deferred tax asset	-	-	-	202,015	(202,015)	
i. Deferred tax liability	1,191,954	(1,191,954)	-			
ii. Inventory	56,449,808	2,287,014	58,736,822			
<b>Net Assets</b>	<b>8,352,265</b>	<b>3,478,969</b>	<b>11,831,234</b>			
ii. Impairment expense	3,566,230	(2,287,014)	1,279,216	-	-	-
i. Income tax expense/(benefit)	-	-	-	629,832	(629,832)	-
Net Profit				-	-	-
<b>Net assets attributable to unitholders (opening balance)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>16,375,366</b>	<b>562,122</b>	<b>16,937,488</b>

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 6. Revenue and other income**

**6(a) Revenue and rental income**

*Disaggregation of revenue*

The disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers is as follows:

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>30 June 2021</b>	<b>30 June 2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<b>Types of goods or service</b>		
Property Sales	9,114,500	10,506,107
Rental Income	164,618	152,509
Total revenue and rental income	9,278,118	10,658,616

Revenue recognised in SMSF relate to the sale of properties/lots for each of the sub-trust held by SMSF Property Fund. During the financial year, there are a total of 20 lots sold broken down as follows:

- Rosedene sold 4 lots
- Burrell sold 5 lots
- Fernvale sold 11 lots

Included in the revenue amount is the rental income from the investment property held by Livingstone. During the year, rental income amounted to \$164,618 (2020: \$152,509). Refer to Note 11 for more details.

**6(b) Other income**

Other Income relates to the gain on settlement for closing the sub-funds of Park Avenue, Stafford and Livingstone. Gain on settlement are realized when the funds available for distribution is greater than the actual amount settled to the investors.

**Note 7. Cash and Cash equivalents**

	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Cash held with banks	1,168,878	1,189,325

*Reconciliation to cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year*

The above figures are reconciled to cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows as follows:

Balance as above	1,168,878	1,189,325
Balance as per statement of cashflows	1,168,878	1,189,325

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 8. Loans and Other receivables**

	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Trade debtors	2,195	-
GST receivables	73,897	178,379
Other receivables	50,000	59,974
Loans to related parties	174,958	-
	<u>301,050</u>	<u>238,353</u>

Included within other receivables are amounts due from related parties. Refer to Note 21 for further details

**Note 9. Other Assets**

Bonds	753,043	353,696
Accrued revenue	-	37,041
	<u>753,043</u>	<u>390,737</u>

**Note 10. Inventories**

	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>Restated *</b>
		<b>\$</b>
Work in progress	61,315,101	58,736,823
Transfer to investment property	(3,993,597)	-
	<u>57,321,504</u>	<u>58,736,823</u>

Reconciliation of the movement since the beginning of the previous financial year:

Opening balance	58,736,823	53,508,634
Additions	9,205,308	11,818,054
Capitalisation of interest	4,202,820	5,372,077
Disposals through sales	(10,245,860)	(10,682,726)
Provision for impairment	(583,990)	(1,279,216)
Transferred to investment property	(3,993,597)	-
Closing balance	<u>57,321,504</u>	<u>58,736,823</u>

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 10. Inventories (continued)**

	Acquisition date	Opening Balance \$	Capitalised Costs \$	Disposal \$	Impairment Provision \$	Transferred to investment property	Book value 30 June \$
<b>2021</b>							
Paddington	31-May-13	-	-	-	-	-	-
Park Avenue	20-Jan-15	4,610,471	1,390,272	(6,000,743)	-	-	-
Stafford	16-Jun-14	-	-	-	-	-	-
Burrell	6-Feb-15	4,291,625	563,036	(1,023,043)	-	-	3,831,618
Rosedene	27-Apr-15	831,136	219,563	(22,276)	(583,990)	-	488,985
Bryna	16-Jul-15	11,529,800	2,045,105	(969,906)	-	-	12,605,000
Chermside	1-Oct-15	1,301,315	2,692,478	-	-	(3,993,597)	-
Fernvale	23-Jun-17	7,314,892	2,790,895	(2,274,443)	-	-	7,831,344
Glenvale	2-Feb-18	28,857,780	3,706,778	-	-	-	32,564,558
		<u>58,736,823</u>	<u>13,408,128</u>	<u>(10,245,860)</u>	<u>(583,990)</u>	<u>(3,993,597)</u>	<u>57,321,504</u>
<b>2020 Restated *</b>							
Paddington	31-May-13	1,825,003	436,686	(2,261,688)	-	-	-
Park Avenue	20-Jan-15	7,114,689	1,843,379	(4,347,597)	-	-	4,610,471
Stafford	16-Jun-14	774,828	-	(774,829)	-	-	-
Burrell	6-Feb-15	3,325,534	1,047,786	(81,694)	-	-	4,291,625
Rosedene	27-Apr-15	3,782,420	635,990	(2,709,039)	(878,234)	-	831,136
Bryna	16-Jul-15	9,269,432	2,436,876	-	(176,507)	-	11,529,800
Chermside	1-Oct-15	1,352,420	315,486	-	(366,787)	-	1,301,119
Fernvale	23-Jun-17	6,937,573*	885,199	(507,881)	-	-	7,314,892
Glenvale	2-Feb-18	19,269,049	9,588,731	-	-	-	28,857,780
		<u>53,650,948</u>	<u>17,190,132</u>	<u>(10,682,728)</u>	<u>(1,421,528)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>58,736,823</u>

\* Refer to note 5 for details of restatement of comparative number.

*Title*

All titles held are freehold.

*Work in progress*

Work in progress relates to five (2020: seven) developments in Queensland being undertaken by the Consolidated Entity. Some of these developments have entered into fixed price agreements as at 30 June 2021 and under these agreements the Consolidated Entity has commitments of \$2,281,114 (2020: \$14,749,824) for the completion of construction under the fixed price contracts. The only contractual commitments related to Glenvale Devine Developments Pty Ltd's pump station and construction works.

*Transfer to investment property*

During the year, the construction of the Chermside Residences have been completed. In May 2020, there was a board resolution to build and hold the property for 5 years, and to rent out the completed property, which will start in July 2021.

*Impairment*

Impairment of \$583,990 (2020: \$3,566,230) has been recorded to record inventories at their net realisable value.

The impairment for each work in progress development is based on the as if complete valuation and underlying sales value, as observed from previous sales and not the current state of work in progress. As a result of this, it has been determined that there is an increased uncertainty that the inventory balance is reflective of the value of the work in progress inventory balance at their stage of construction.

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 10. Inventories (continued)**

*Economic Dependency*

All of the Consolidated Entity's projects are being developed by VentureCrowd Property Australia Pty Ltd. Should these entities be unable to complete the projects under the existing contracts, this may result in a significant negative economic impact on the projects and their recoverability. Refer to Note 21 for further details.

*Debt security and ranking*

The Burrell Avenue Developments property has been mortgaged under a bank loan. Refer to Note 13 for further information.

The Glenvale Devine Road Development, Park Avenue Development, Bryna Parade Development and Livingstone Street Residence Development have been mortgaged under an external, third-party loan. Refer to Note 13 for further details.

Various subsidiaries of the Consolidated Entity have issued preference shares to assist with funding of the various projects. These preference shares have priority repayment over ordinary unitholder in the various classes of units of the Consolidated Entity.

**Note 11. Investment Property**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Investment Properties	7,593,597	3,610,000

Set out below, is a reconciliation of the movement in investment properties for the financial year ended 30 June 2020 and the financial year ended 30 June 2021:

Opening balance	3,610,000	3,610,000
Transfers from inventories	3,993,597	-
Net loss from fair value adjustments	(10,000)	-
Closing balance	7,593,597	3,610,000

The Consolidated Entity's investment properties consist of five residential commercial properties in Australia. Management determined that the investment properties consist of one classes of assets – residential – based on the nature, characteristics and risks of each property.

As at 30 June 2021, the fair values of the investment properties are based on an independent third-party valuation performed near the end of the financial year.

During the year, there were transfers from Inventory to Investment property related to the completed construction of Chermside.

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 11. Investment Property (continued)**

A reconciliation of the amounts recognised in profit or loss for the investment properties for the financial year ended 30 June 2021 and the financial year ended 30 June 2020 are as follows:

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Rental income derived from investment properties	164,618	128,267
Direct operating expenses generating rental income	(15,751)	(39,915)
Direct operating expenses that did not generate rental income	(177,645)	(165,438)
Profit/ (loss) arising from investment properties carried at fair value	(28,779)	(77,085)

The Consolidated Entity has no restrictions on the realisability of its investment properties and no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment properties or for repairs, maintenance and enhancements.

Fair value hierarchy disclosure for investment properties are in Note 15.

Reconciliation of fair value of residential properties:

Opening balance	511,086	511,086
Change in fair value recognised in profit or loss **	(10,000)	-
Closing balance	501,086	511,086

\*\* The loss in fair value has been recognised as Other expenses in the profit or loss.

*Livingstone Street Residence Development Pty Ltd*

On 28<sup>th</sup> August 2018, the unitholders of the Livingstone Street Residence Class of Units resolved to extend the term of the Class of Units for five years to enable the sub-fund to hold the underlying developed townhouses for rental returns and capital appreciation. As a result, the finished goods inventory was transferred to investment properties on this date. Livingstone Street Residences Development Pty Ltd has issued preference shares to assist with funding of the construction of this property. These preference shares have priority repayment over ordinary unitholder in the corresponding classes of units of the Consolidated Entity. The property has been mortgaged under a third-party external loan. Refer to Note 13 for further details.

*Chermside Residences Development Pty Ltd*

On May 2020, the unitholders of the Chermside Residences Development Pty Ltd resolved to consider the property as a build and hold for five years to enable the sub-fund to hold the underlying developed townhouses for rental returns and capital appreciation. As a result, the finished goods inventory was transferred to investment properties on this date and started the rental of the property in July 2021.

**Note 12. Payables**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Trade payables and accruals	3,668,285	3,774,488
GST payable	70,963	-
	3,739,348	3,774,488

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 13. Loans**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Bank loan	1,081,493	1,591,046
External loans	19,987,539	12,237,433
Loans from related parties	527,527	20,500
	21,596,550	13,848,979

*Bank Loan*

Bank loan relates to an interest bearing loan at 5.50% (2020: 5.50%), maturing on 31 January 2022 and had a first mortgage security over Burrell Avenue Development's property as outlined in Note 4 and Note 16. The bank loan, relating to the Burrell sub-fund has been fully settled in September 2021.

*External Loans*

Loans payable includes loans with external financier, as detailed below:

- The Park Avenue Development's loan amounting to \$nil (2020: \$535,000) is interest bearing at 12%. The loan was subsequently repaid in September 2020.
- The Glenvale Devine Road Development's loan amounting to \$5,748,368 (2020: \$995,100) is interest bearing at 12% p.a. and has first registered mortgage over the property. The full balance of the FY20 loan of \$995k came to maturity on 30 June 2021. Glenvale took a First Mortgage Fund for a 12 month term maturing in May 2022. The purpose of the funding was to repay the exiting interim first mortgage fund, to fund cost to complete the remaining stages of construction and to fund the commencement of the sales and marketing campaign.
- The Livingstone Street Residence Development's loan amounting to \$2,220,000 (2020: \$2,215,168) is interest bearing at 10%, due to mature on 19 December 2022 and has first registered mortgage over Livingstone Street Residence Development's property as outlined in Note 11.
- The Bryna Parade Development loan amount of \$9,384,698 (20120: \$8,492,166) is interest bearing at 10% per annum, due to mature on 13 April 2022. Refer to note 10 for further details.

*Loans from related parties*

Loans payable also include \$527,527 (2020: \$20,500) of loans from a related party which is interest free and unsecured as outlined in Note 21.

**Note 14. Preference Shares**

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Preference shares issued	36,013,120	34,710,537

Cumulative preference shares have been issued to related parties from various development special purpose vehicles within the Consolidated Entity. The preference shares are interest bearing at 12% per annum, are redeemable 12 months from the date of issue and have priority repayment over investor units. On 11 May 2020, the director's of the Responsible Entity resolved to reduce the interest on the Development Income Fund preference shares to 6% for Glenvale, Fernvale and Rosedene and 4% for Chermiside (increasing to 6% once construction is complete). As at 30 June 2021, various preference shares issued were due for redemption, however will not be redeemed until the properties underlying the developments are completed and sold. Refer to Note 21 for further information.



**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 14. Preference Shares (continued)**

*Reconciliation:*

Reconciliation of the fair values at the beginning and end of the current and previous financial year are set out below:

	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Opening value	34,710,537	30,485,037
Issued during the year	7,009,392	14,136,500
Redeemed during the year	(5,706,810)	(9,911,000)
Closing balance	<u>36,013,120</u>	<u>34,710,537</u>

**Note 15. Fair value measurement**

	<b>Date of valuation</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Quoted prices in active market (level 1)</b>	<b>Significant observable inputs (level 2)</b>	<b>Significant unobservable inputs (level 3)</b>
<b>Investment properties</b>					
30 June 2021					
Livingstone	10-Mar-21	3,600,000	-	3,600,000	-
Chermside	16-Apr-21	4,317,990	-	4,317,990	-
30 June 2020					
Livingstone	20-Jul-18	3,610,000	-	3,610,000	-

There were no transfers between Level 1 and 2 during the financial year ended 30 June 2021 and 2020.

As at 30 June 2021, the fair value of the properties are based on an independent valuation performed on 10 March 2021 and 16 April 2021. Refer to Note 11 for further details.

**Note 16. Financial Instruments**

The Consolidated Entity's assets principally consist of inventories, investment property and cash investments. It holds these assets at the discretion of the Responsible Entity and Investment Committee in accordance with the Fund's constitution and Product Disclosure Statement.

The allocation of assets between the various types of assets described above is determined by the Fund's Manager and Investment Committee who manage the Consolidated Entity's portfolio of assets to achieve the Consolidated Entity's investment objectives.

The Consolidated Entity's investing activities expose it to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Market risk
- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Operational risk

The nature and extent of the financial instruments employed by the Consolidated Entity are discussed below. This note presents information about the Consolidated Entity's exposure to each of the above risks, the Consolidated Entity's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risks.

The Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity and Investment Committee has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Consolidated Entity's risk management framework.

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 16. Financial Instruments (continued)**

The Board and Investment Committee is responsible for developing and monitoring the Consolidated Entity's risk management policies, including those related to its investment activities. The Consolidated Entity's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Consolidated Entity, including those risks managed by the Responsible Entity and Investment Committee, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Consolidated Entity's activities.

The Board and Investment Committee monitors compliance with the Consolidated Entity's risk management strategies and procedures and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Consolidated Entity.

**Market risk**

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates and property values will affect the Consolidated Entity's income. Market risk embodies the potential for both loss and gains. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return on risk.

Market risk is managed by the Board of Directors and Investment Committee.

*Property value risk*

The majority of the Consolidated Entity's assets are inventories which represent residential development properties. As a result, the Consolidated Entity is subject to property value risk from fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market property values. Changes in property values could have an effect on the net realisable value of the developments which would in turn impact the underlying value of the unitholders funds.

*Interest rate risk*

A significant portion of the Consolidated Entity's financial assets and financial liabilities are interest-bearing. Interest-bearing financial assets and financial liabilities have variable interest rates and/or mature in the short-term. As a result, the Consolidated Entity is subject to exposure to fair value interest rate risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates. Any excess cash is invested in an interest-bearing deposit account with an Australian regulated banking institution.

*Interest rate sensitivity*

The Consolidated Entity's interest rate risk is monitored on a monthly basis by the Board of Directors and Investment Committee.

*Interest rate profile*

The interest rate profile of the Consolidated Entity's interest-bearing financial instruments was:

**Fixed and variable rate instruments**

		<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
		<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Cash	7	1,168,878	1,189,325
Loans	13	21,788,290	13,848,979
Preference shares	14	36,013,120	34,710,537
		<u>58,970,288</u>	<u>48,559,516</u>

An increase or decrease of 100 basis points in interest rates as at the reporting date would have an insignificant effect on the net assets attributable to unitholders and operating results.

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 16. Financial Instruments (continued)**

The Consolidated Entity has issued preference shares which pay fixed interest of 12% per annum to the debt holders. On 11 May 2020, the Director's of the Responsible Entity resolved to reduce the interest on the Development Income Fund preference shares to 6% for Glenvale, Fernvale and Rosedene and 4% for Chermerside (increasing to 6% once construction is complete). Refer to note 14 for further details.

**Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Consolidated Entity. The Responsible Entity and Investment Committee manage the exposure to credit risk on an ongoing basis.

The Consolidated Entity's maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

Cash and cash equivalents	9	1,168,878	1,189,325
Other receivables	10	820,385	238,353
Other assets	11	754,415	390,737
		<u>2,743,678</u>	<u>1,818,415</u>

All of the cash held by the Consolidated Entity is held by Australian regulated banks.

**Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Consolidated Entity will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Consolidated Entity's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Consolidated Entity's reputation.

The Consolidated Entity's liquidity risk is managed on a monthly basis by the Board of Directors and Investment Committee in accordance with the policies and procedures in place.

Investors are not eligible to redeem their units in the Consolidated Entity prior to the expiration of their relevant investment term as outlined in the Product Disclosure Statements. In the event that the underlying properties for each development are not sold prior to the expiration of the term, the term of the investment is automatically extended by the Consolidated Entity.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, excluding interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements:

<b>Consolidated</b>	<b>Carrying value</b>	<b>Contractual cash flows</b>	<b>0-6 months</b>	<b>6-12 month</b>	<b>1-2 years</b>	<b>More than 2 years</b>
<b>2021</b>						
Trade payables	3,745,806	3,745,806	3,745,806			
Loans	21,788,290	21,788,290	21,788,290			
Pref shares*	36,013,120	35,988,925	7,110,737	4,028,137	3,755,885	21,118,361
	<u>61,553,875</u>	<u>61,553,875</u>	<u>32,644,833</u>	<u>4,028,137</u>	<u>3,755,885</u>	<u>21,118,361</u>
<b>2020</b>						
Trade payables	3,774,488	3,774,488	3,774,488	-	-	-
Loans	13,848,979	13,848,979	13,848,979	-	-	-
Pref shares*	34,710,537	34,710,537	875,000	15,462,500	8,447,000	6,075,537
	<u>52,334,004</u>	<u>52,334,004</u>	<u>18,498,467</u>	<u>15,462,500</u>	<u>8,447,000</u>	<u>6,075,537</u>

\* The preference shares have a Redemption Date of 12 months from the date of issue or upon sale of the assets by the issuer, whichever occurs earlier. Should the issuers project remain incomplete, unsold or otherwise unable to generate sufficient funds to redeem the Preference Shares at the Redemption Date, then the issuer will have right to automatically extend the term until sufficient profits are achieved in order for them to redeem the Preference Shares. Preference shares from related parties is dependent on the related parties ability to raise external funding.

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 16. Financial Instruments (continued)**

**Fair value of financial instruments**

Unless otherwise stated, the carrying amounts of financial instruments reflect their fair value.

**Operational risk**

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with the Consolidated Entity's processes, personnel, technology and infrastructure, and from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risks such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of corporate behaviour. Operational risks arise from all of the Consolidated Entity's operations.

The objective of the Responsible Entity and Investment Committee is to manage operational risk so as to balance the avoidance of financial losses and damage to the Consolidated Entity's reputation with overall cost effectiveness and to avoid control procedures that restrict initiative and creativity.

The primary responsibility for the development and implementation of controls to address operational risk is assigned to the Responsible Entity and Investment Committee. This responsibility is supported by the development of standards for the management of operational risk in the following areas:

- appropriate segregation of duties, including the independent authorisation of transactions;
- requirements for the reconciliation and monitoring of transactions;
- compliance with regulatory and other legal requirements;
- documentation of controls and procedures;
- requirements for the periodic assessment of operational risks faced, and the adequacy of controls and procedures to address the risks identified;
- requirements for the reporting of operational losses and proposed remedial action;
- development of contingency plans;
- training and professional development;
- ethical and business standards; and
- risk mitigation, including insurance where this is effective.

**Note 17. Key Management Personnel Disclosures**

The directors of Guardian Securities Limited are considered to be Key Management Personnel of the Consolidated Entity. The Directors of the Responsible Entity in office during the year and up to the date of the report are:

Guy Hasenkam  
Steven Maarbani  
Craig Hart (resigned on 20 November 2020)

*Compensation*

No amount is paid by the Consolidated Entity directly to the Directors of the Responsible Entity. Consequently, no compensation as defined in AASB 124 "Related Party Disclosures" is paid by the Consolidated Entity to the Directors as Key Management Personnel.

Guardian Securities Limited provides management services to the Fund. Transactions between the Fund and the Responsible Entity result from normal dealings with that company as the Fund's Responsible Entity. Guardian Securities Limited is an Australian Financial Services License holder.

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 17. Key Management Personnel Disclosures (cont'd)**

Guardian Securities Limited receives all management fees that have been paid by the Consolidated Entity during the year. The Consolidated Entity paid the following fees to the Responsible Entity during the financial year:

*Compensation*

	<b>2020</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Management fees paid to Guardian Securities Limited	84,538	8,414
Management fees payable to Guardian Securities Limited	119,337	253,416
	<b>203,875</b>	<b>261,830</b>

*Other*

The Consolidated Entity has not made, guaranteed or secured, either directly or indirectly, any loans to the Directors and Key Management personnel of the Responsible Entity, or their personally related entities, at any time during the financial year.

No Directors and Key Management Personnel of the Responsible Entity, or their personally related entities, have entered into a material contract with the Consolidated Entity.

**Note 18. Auditor's remuneration**

During the financial year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by RSM Australia the auditor of the Fund (2020: PKF Gold Coast), its network firms and unrelated firms:

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
<i>RSM Australia</i>		
Audit and review of the financial statements	74,500	-
 <i>PKF Gold Coast</i>		
Audit and review of the financial statements and compliance plan	-	62,800
Other Services	-	23,100
Tax compilation and advice	-	28,000
	<b>74,500</b>	<b>113,900</b>

**Note 19. Contingent Liabilities**

The Consolidated Entity did not have any contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2021 (2020: \$nil).

**Note 20. Commitments**

The Consolidated Entity has commitments of \$7,082,527 (2020: \$14,749,824) for the completion of construction under the fixed price contracts entered into by various developments. Included within the commitments is \$6,859,527 (2020: \$6,898,133) of commitments relating to Glenvale Devine Developments Pty Ltd,'s construction contract. Refer to Note 13 for further details.

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 21. Related Parties**

**Parent entity**

SMSF Property Fund is the parent entity.

**Subsidiaries**

Interests in subsidiaries are set out in Note 23.

**Key management personnel**

Disclosure relating to key management personnel are set out in Note 17.

**Transactions with related parties**

Finance and interest costs paid on preference shares	2,055,214	3,073,403
--	-----------	-----------

Finance and interest costs have been paid to The Guardian Investment Fund which is a registered scheme of which Guardian Securities Limited also acts as Responsible Entity. The costs are in relation to the preference shares issued which are outlined below.

Apart from the other transactions disclosed below and those disclosed above, there are no transactions with related parties during the financial year ended 30 June 2021 (2020: \$nil).

***Receivables from and payables to related parties***

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Trade payables to The Guardian Investment Fund	-	975,892
Loan payable to Guardian Securities Limited	119,337	500
Loan receivable to VentureCrowd Nominees	666,797	-
Loans payable to VentureCrowd Property Australia Pty Ltd	-	20,000
Trade payables to The Guardian Investment Fund	-	995,100

Refer to note 13 for further details on the loan payable to VentureCrowd Nominees Pty Ltd.

Loans payable to VentureCrowd Property Australia Pty Ltd, a related entity to the Responsible Entity, are unsecured, interest free and at call.

Apart from the other transactions disclosed below, there are no receivables from or payables from related parties as at 30 June 2021 (2020: \$nil).

***Related party investments held by the Consolidated Entity***

The Consolidated Entity has no investment in related parties as at 30 June 2021 (2020: \$nil).

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 21. Related Parties (cont'd)**

***Related party investments***

	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Preference shares	27,431,965	32,840,537

Preference shares have been subscribed for by The Guardian Investment Fund which is a registered scheme of which Guardian Securities Limited also acts as the Responsible Entity.

Apart from the other transactions disclosed below, no related parties have investments in the Consolidated Entity as at 30 June 2021 (2020: \$nil).

***Other related party transactions***

The Consolidated Entity is dependent upon the ongoing successful operation of VentureCrowd Property Australia Pty Ltd ("the property development manager"), VentureCrowd Property Capital Pty Ltd ("the authorised representatives"), VentureCrowd Asset Sales Pty Ltd ("the sales agent") and Integrated Civil Pty Ltd ("the civil works company"). These entities facilitate the development, construction and capital raising of the Consolidated Entity's developments.

Given the relationship between the Consolidated Entity and these parties, they are considered to be related parties and as a result the following transactions have occurred between the Consolidated Entity and these related parties during the financial year:

***Property development manager transactions***

The following fees were paid by the Consolidated Entity to the property development manager during the financial year:

	<b>Consolidated</b>	
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Property Development fees paid and payable to VentureCrowd Property Australia Pty Ltd	1,513,571	2,023,202

***Marketing and promotion transactions***

The following fees were paid by the Consolidated Entity to the sales agent during the financial year:

Marketing and promotional fees paid and payable to VentureCrowd Property Sales Pty Ltd	208,586	348,387
Marketing and promotional fees paid and payable to VentureCrowd Property Capital Pty Ltd	468,348	87,046

***Investing activities***

Employees and associates of the property development manager and authorised representative have invested the following amounts into the Consolidated Entity at year end:

Investments into the fund	1,902,050	1,286,498
---------------------------	-----------	-----------

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 22. Parent Entity Information**

The Corporations Act requirement to prepare parent entity financial statements where consolidated financial statements are prepared has been removed and replaced by regulation 2M.3.01 which requires the following limited disclosure in regard to the parent entity, SMSF Property Fund. The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the parent entity in accordance with the accounting policy described in Note 2.

	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Total assets	10,293,754	31,234,370
Total liabilities	502,418	339,297
Net assets attributable to investors – liability	9,791,336	30,895,073
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	(13,640,253)	(5,015)
Change in net assets attributable to investors	(13,640,253)	(5,015)

During the year, SMSF Property Fund, as the parent entity, recognised impairment expense of \$19.1m from its Investments in the Sub-funds. As the parent entity holds ordinary shares from these Investments, any decrease in the value of the properties are first applied to ordinary shares.

A summary of all the Investments and Impairment are summarized below:

	Investment balance	Impairment	Investment balance
Investment in Bryna Parade	4,440,000	(2,310,904)	2,129,096
Investment in Burrell Ave	1,750,000	-	1,750,000
Investment in Chermside	2,440,000	(2,440,000)	-
Investment in Fernvale	2,740,000	(2,740,000)	-
Investment in Glenvale	7,080,000	(2,451,844)	4,628,156
Investment in Rosedene	3,500,000	(3,500,000)	-
Investment Livingstone Street	2,460,000	(1,080,000)	1,380,000
	<b>24,410,000</b>	<b>(13,112,828)</b>	<b>9,887,252</b>

**Guarantees**

No guarantees have been entered into by the parent entity in relation to debts of its subsidiaries as at 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020.

**Contractual commitments**

The parent entity has no contractual commitments as at 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020.

**Contingent liabilities**

The parent entity has no contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020.

**Significant accounting policies**

The accounting policies of the parent entity are consistent with those of the Consolidated Entity, as disclosed in Note 1, except for the following:

- Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost, less any impairment, in the parent entity.
- Investments in associates are accounted for at cost, less any impairment, in the parent entity.
- Dividends received from subsidiaries are recognised as other income by the parent entity and its receipt may be an indicator of an impairment of the investment.



**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 23. Subsidiaries**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting policy described in Note 2.

Name of Entity	Country	Holding	
		2021	2020
Paddington View Residences Development Pty Limited	Australia	100%	100%
Park Avenue Developments Pty Limited	Australia	100%	100%
Stafford Residences Development Pty Limited	Australia	100%	100%
Livingstone Street Residences Development Pty Limited	Australia	100%	100%
Burrell Avenue Development Pty Limited	Australia	100%	100%
Rosedene Street Residence Development Pty Limited	Australia	100%	100%
Bryna Parade Residences Development Pty Limited	Australia	100%	100%
Chermside Residences Development Pty Limited	Australia	100%	100%
Fernvale Development Pty Limited	Australia	100%	100%
Glenvale Devine Road Developments Pty Limited	Australia	100%	100%

**Note 24. Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities**

	Consolidated	
	2021	2020 Restated
	\$	\$
Profit/(Loss) from operating activities after tax and distributions	631,080	(3,569,735)
<i>Movements in working capital:</i>		
(Decrease)/increase in accounts payable	(35,238)	(346,360)
Increase in inventories	1,415,318	(5,228,188)
Decrease/(increase) in receivables and other assets	(425,003)	889,421
Decrease/(increase) in investment property	(3,983,597)	
Cash flows used in operating activities	<u>(2,397,440)</u>	<u>(8,254,861)</u>

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES**  
**ARSN 159 753 474**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**Note 25. Events Subsequent to Reporting date**

Chermside Residences Development Pty Ltd has subsequently rented out the property. As per management's strategy, the property is expected to be held for 5 years before selling to maximize benefits of investment property held after construction. The GPS facility current held by Chermside has expired on September 2021. No new contract has been entered into as GPS is aware that there is a new planned refinancing that will be executed with another financier in the next months. As such, the current terms under this loan will be kept until new refinancing is completed.

Subsequent to year end, Burrell Avenue Development Pty Ltd sold 9 lots for a total of \$3.3m. This was used to settle the external loan with Westpac and payment for the return of capital. As at September 2021, the Westpac facility was paid out in full and the account closed. As at the date of this report, only 4 lots are left to be sold with expected total revenue of \$2m on March 2022.

Bryna Parade Residences Development Pty Ltd has sold 11 lots for \$2.8m subsequent to the year end. The proceeds are used to repay preference shares and the construction of the remaining properties.

On February 2022, Glenvale Devine Development entered into an agreement with Homecorp Construction Pty Ltd to purchase 75 lots. The purpose of the agreement was to provide a put and call options for the sale and acquisition of the lots and to eventually sell the lots to third parties.

Fernvale sold 24 lots subsequent to year-end 30 June 2021 for \$8m. The remaining 9 lots left are expected to be sold in March 2022 for a total of \$2.5m.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since 30 June 2021 that have significantly affected, or may significantly affect the Consolidated Entity's operations, the results of those operations, or the Consolidated Entity's state of affairs in future financial years.

**SMSF PROPERTY FUND AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITIES  
ARSN 159 753 474**

**DIRECTORS' DECLARATION  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

In the opinion of the directors of the responsible entity:

- the attached financial statements and notes comply with the Corporations Act 2001, the Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- the attached financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in note 1 to the financial statements;
- the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the fund's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors



---

Steven Maarbani  
Director

14 April 2022  
Sydney

**RSM Australia Partners**

Level 21, 55 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3000  
PO Box 248 Collins Street West VIC 8007

T +61 (0) 3 9286 8000  
F +61 (0) 3 9286 8199

[www.rsm.com.au](http://www.rsm.com.au)

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Members of Guardian Securities Limited

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial report of The SMSF Property Fund ('the Scheme') and its controlled entities (together 'the Consolidated entity') which, which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of the Consolidated entity is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Consolidated entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of Guardian Securities Limited, the Responsible Entity of the Scheme, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern**

We draw attention to Note 4 in the financial report, which indicates that the Consolidated entity incurred a net cash outflow from operating activities of \$2,397,440 for the year ended 30 June 2021. Also, as at 30 June 2021, the Consolidated entity's expected liabilities to be settled within 12 months exceed its assets expected to be realised within 12 months by \$7,149,874. As stated in Note 4, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 4, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Consolidated entity's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

**Other Information**

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Consolidated entity's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2021; but does not include the financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

**Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report**

The directors of the Responsible Entity of the Scheme are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Consolidated entity to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Consolidated entity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

**Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance; but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: [https://www.auasb.gov.au/admin/file/content102/c3/ar1\\_2020.pdf](https://www.auasb.gov.au/admin/file/content102/c3/ar1_2020.pdf) This description forms part of our auditor's report.

**RSM AUSTRALIA PARTNERS****R J MORILLO MALDONADO**

Partner

Dated: 14 April 2022  
Melbourne, Victoria